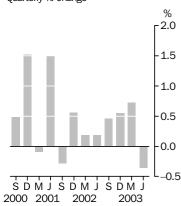


PRODUCER PRICE INDEXES AUSTRALIA

EMBARGO: 11.30AM (CANBERRA TIME) MON 21 JUL 2003

Final Stage Quarterly % change



INQUIRIES

 For further information about these and related statistics, contact the National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070 or Steve Whennan on Canberra 6252 6251.

KEY FIGURES

	Mar Qtr 03 to Jun Qtr 03	•	
STAGE OF PRODUCTION	% change	% change	
Final (Stage 3) commodities (excl. exports)	-0.4	1.4	
Domestic	AGE OF PRODUCTION % change % change al (Stage 3) commodities (excl. exports) -0.4 1.4 mestic 0.5 3.5 orts -4.3 -7.4 ermediate (Stage 2) commodities -1.3 1.3 mestic -0.6 2.5 orts -5.4 -5.2 liminary (Stage 1) commodities -1.7 1.3 mestic -0.9 2.3		
Imports	-4.3	-7.4	
Intermediate (Stage 2) commodities	-1.3	1.3	
Domestic	-0.6	2.5	
Imports	-5.4	-5.2	
Preliminary (Stage 1) commodities	-1.7	1.3	
Domestic	-0.9	2.3	
Imports	-6.0	-4.3	

KEY POINTS

FINAL (STAGE 3) COMMODITIES

- The final (Stage 3) index fell –0.4% in the June quarter.
- The final (Stage 3) domestic index rose 0.5%, mainly due to an increase in the price of general construction, partially offset by price falls in refined petroleum products and other agricultural products.
- The final (Stage 3) imports index fell -4.3%, mostly due to exchange-rate driven price falls of imported goods including electronic equipment, other manufactured products and refined petroleum products.

INTERMEDIATE (STAGE 2) COMMODITIES

- The intermediate (Stage 2) index fell –1.3% in the June quarter.
- The intermediate (Stage 2) domestic index fell –0.6%, mainly due to price falls for refined petroleum products, oil and gas extraction and commercial fishing products.
- The intermediate (Stage 2) imports index fell –5.4%, due to exchange-rate driven price falls of imported goods including oil and gas extraction, refined petroleum products and electronic equipment.

PRELIMINARY (STAGE 1) COMMODITIES

- The preliminary (Stage 1) index fell –1.7% in the June quarter.
- The preliminary (Stage 1) domestic index decreased by –0.9%, mainly due to price falls for refined petroleum products, oil and gas extraction and livestock farm products.
- The preliminary (Stage 1) imports index fell –6.0%, due to exchange-rate driven falls of imports including oil and gas extraction, refined petroleum products and electronic equipment.

NOTES

FORTHCOMING ISSUES	ISSUE (Quarter)	RELEASE DATE
	September 2003	20 October 2003
	December 2003	27 January 2004
	•••••	
CHANGES IN THIS ISSUE	There are no changes in	this issue.
RELATED STATISTICS		out statistics in this publication and about other 'ABS data ntact Steve Whennan on 02 6252 6251, or email
	<steve.whennan@abs.g< td=""><td>ov.au>.</td></steve.whennan@abs.g<>	ov.au>.
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
ABBREVIATIONS	ABS Australian	Bureau of Statistics
	ANZSIC Australian	and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification
	c.i.f. cost, insu	rance and freight
	f.o.b. free on bo	bard
	n.e.c. not elsew	here classified
	n.e.s. not elsew	here specified
	SOP stage of p	roduction

Dennis Trewin Australian Statistician

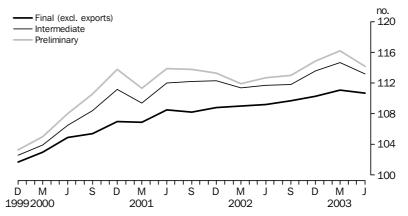
COMMENTARY

STAGE OF PRODUCTION OVERVIEW

Each of the stage of production indexes decreased in the June quarter 2003, with the final (Stage 3) index having the smallest decrease of -0.4%, compared with -1.3% for the intermediate (Stage 2) index and -1.7% for the preliminary (Stage 1) index. Annual growth through the year to June quarter 2003 was 1.4% for the final (Stage 3) index and 1.3% for both the intermediate (Stage 2) and preliminary (Stage 1) indexes.

For final (Stage 3) commodities, petroleum refining and other agricultural products were mostly responsible for the -0.4% fall in this index for the June quarter, reinforced by a number of other items that each recorded small, negative points change. Largely offsetting these were significant price increases for domestic construction. The most significant contributors to both the -1.3% fall in the intermediate (Stage 2) index, and the -1.7% fall in the preliminary (Stage 1) index, were price falls in petroleum refining and oil and gas extraction with wheat and meslin, and wool adding smaller amounts to the overall price declines. Decreases in both indexes were partially offset by price increases for whole milk and construction material.

COMPARISON OF SOP INDEXES



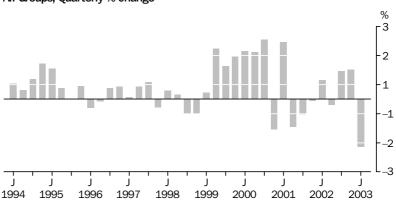
MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES PRODUCER PRICE INDEXES

The input and output prices for the manufacturing industries decreased during the June quarter by -4.3% and -2.0% respectively. The quarterly fall for the input index is the largest since December quarter 1991, while the fall for the output index is the largest since the introduction of the series by the ABS in September quarter 1968. Significant appreciation of the Australian dollar against the US dollar and all other major currencies, and the fall in world crude prices, had a strong impact on the results for both the input and output indexes. Over the year to June quarter 2003, the input index decreased by -2.0%, whilst the output index registered a small increase of 0.2%.

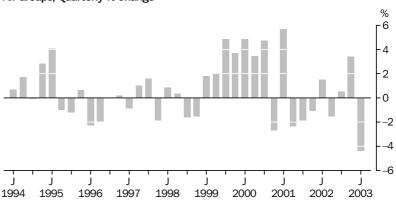
Decreases in the price of both domestic and imported crude oil were the main contributors to the quarterly result for the materials used in manufacturing industries index, with falls in wheat and meslin, and metal prices also being significant contributors. Price increases in milk, sheep and lamb, and cattle partly offset these large falls. Declining prices for a range of refined petroleum products contributed to the bulk of the decrease in the articles produced by manufacturing industries index for the June quarter. Other significant contributors to the decrease were wool, alumina and exported beef prices. The most significant offsetting increases were registered for chocolate confectionery, lamb and mutton, and ready mixed concrete prices.

MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES PRODUCER PRICE INDEXES continued

ARTICLES PRODUCED BY MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES: All Groups, Quarterly % change



MATERIALS USED IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES: All Groups, Quarterly % change



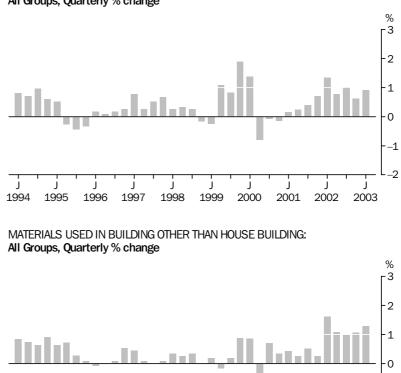
CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRIES PRODUCER PRICE INDEXES

The price indexes for materials used in house building and materials used in building other than house building increased by 0.9% and 1.3%, respectively, in the June quarter 2003. For both indexes, price increases were observed for a wide range of materials, with ready mixed concrete being the largest single contributor to each index's increase. Through the year to June quarter 2003, the materials used in house building index rose 3.4%, compared with an increase of 4.5% for the materials used in building other than house building index.

Other than ready mixed concrete, significant contributors to the increase in the materials used in house building index were clay bricks, cupboards and fittings, plastic pipes and fittings, and concrete tiles. Small price decreases were recorded for electrical equipment. Price increases for reinforcing steel bar had a large impact on the materials used in building other than house building index. Other materials with notable price increases were mains cables, aluminium windows and other precast concrete products. All State capital city indexes recorded increases in the June quarter 2003, ranging from 0.4% in Adelaide and Perth to 1.6% in Brisbane for the materials used in house building index, and 1.0% in Hobart to 1.5% in Sydney for the materials used in building other than house building index.

CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRIES PRODUCER PRICE INDEXES continued

MATERIALS USED IN HOUSE BUILDING: All Groups, Quarterly % change



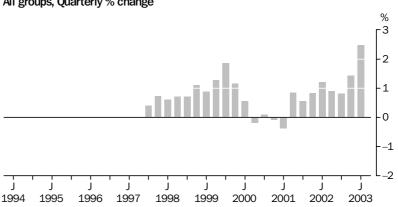
-1 -2 1 J I 1 1 1 1 J 1 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003

The price index for the output of the general construction industry increased 2.5% in the June quarter 2003. This quarterly movement is the largest recorded since the introduction of the series by the ABS in September quarter 1996. Through the year to June quarter 2003, the price index for the output of the general construction industry increased by 5.8%. Increases were registered across the quarter for all component industries, with the largest being the residential building construction other than houses index (3.4%). Increases were also recorded for the non-residential building construction index (2.7%), the house building construction index (2.0%), and the road and bridge construction index (1.4%). Significant contributors to these increases were continued high demand and increases in the price of inputs, both labour and materials.

COMMENTARY continued

CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRIES PRODUCER PRICE INDEXES continued

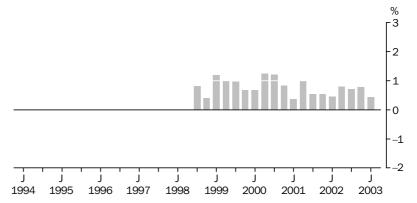
OUTPUT OF THE GENERAL CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY: All groups, Quarterly % change



SERVICE INDUSTRIES PRODUCER PRICE INDEXES

The property and business services industries price index increased by 0.4% in the June quarter 2003, with an annual movement of 2.8% between June quarter 2002 and June quarter 2003. The price index for business services increased by 0.7% this quarter, with the main contributors being increases in other business services, and marketing and business management services. The property services index rose 0.2%. Within property services, the price index of real estate agents was again the largest contributor. This increase was partially offset by falls in the commercial property operators index.

PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES INDUSTRIES: All Groups, Quarterly % change



The transport (freight) and storage industries index increased by 0.4% in the June quarter 2003, and increased by 2.9% between June quarter 2002 and June quarter 2003. The main contributor to this increase was an increase in road freight transport, although there were partial offsets from decreases in the water transport and rail transport indexes. The storage index recorded no price change in June quarter 2003.

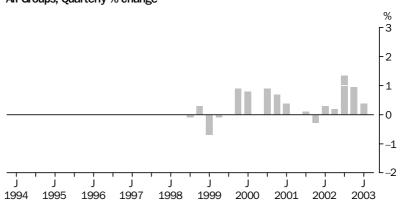
COMMENTARY continued

SERVICE INDUSTRIES PRODUCER PRICE INDEXES continued

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TRANSPORT (FREIGHT) AND STORAGE INDUSTRIES: All Groups, Quarterly % change

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LIST OF TABLES

page

STAGE OF PRODUCTION PRODUCER PRICE INDEXES

1	Index numbers by stage and source 11
2	Percentage change by stage and source 12
3	Final commodities by source and destination
4	Percentage change, final commodities by source and destination 14
5	Contribution to change in final commodities index by industry and
	source
6	Contribution to change in domestic final commodities index by
	industry and destination
7	Contribution to change in imported final commodities index by
	industry and destination
8	Contribution to change in intermediate commodities index by industry
	and source
9	Contribution to change in preliminary commodities index by industry
	and source

MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES PRODUCER PRICE INDEXES

10	Articles produced by manufacturing industries, division index numbers
	and percentage changes 20
11	Articles produced by manufacturing industries, subdivision and group
	index numbers
12	Materials used in manufacturing industries, division index numbers 23
13	Materials used in manufacturing industries, division percentage
	changes
14	Materials used in manufacturing industries, subdivision and group
	index numbers

CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRIES PRODUCER PRICE INDEXES

15	Output of the general construction industry, subdivision index
	numbers and percentage changes
16	Output of the general contruction industry, group and class indexes 28
17	Materials used in house building, index numbers by state capital city 29
18	Materials used in house building, percentage changes by state capital
	city
19	Materials used in building other than house building, index numbers
	by state capital city
20	Materials used in building other than house building, percentage
	changes by state capital city
MINING INDUSTRIES PRODUCER PRIC	CE INDEXES
21	Materials used in coal mining, index numbers and percentage changes $\ldots 33$
SERVICE INDUSTRIES PRODUCER PRI	ICE INDEXES
22	Output of transport (freight) and storage industries, division index numbers and percentage changes

LIST OF TABLES continued

		page
23	Output of transport (freight) and storage industries, subdivision index	
	numbers	. 35
24	Output of property and business services industries, division index	
	numbers and percentage changes	. 36
25	Output of property and business services industries, subdivision and	
	group index numbers	. 37

ADDITIONAL TABLES AVAILABLE ON ABS WEB SITE

STAGE OF PRODUCTION PRODUCER PRICE INDEXES

- **26** Stage of production, index numbers, final commodities by source and destination, including exports
- **27** Stage of production, percentage change, final commodities by source and destination, including exports

PRICE INDEXES OF ARTICLES PRODUCED BY MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES

28 Price indexes of articles produced by manufacturing industries, contribution of subdivisions and groups

PRICE INDEXES OF MATERIALS USED IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES

- **29** Price index of materials used in manufacturing industries, contribution of materials by ANZSIC industry of origin
- **30** Price index of materials used in manufacturing industries, indexes of metallic materials used in the fabricated metal products industry

PRICE INDEX OF MATERIALS USED IN HOUSE BUILDING

- **31** Price index of materials used in house building, six state capital cities, contribution to all groups index
- **32** Price index of materials used in house building, six state capital cities, by materials group

PRICE INDEX OF MATERIALS USED IN BUILDING OTHER THAN HOUSE BUILDING

- **33** Price index of materials used in building other than house building, six state capital cities, all groups index, contribution of major building materials
- **34** Price index of materials used in building other than house building, six state capital cities, selected ANZSIC groups, index numbers
- **35** Price index of materials used in building other than house building, six state capital cities, selected building materials, index numbers
- **36** Price index of materials used in building other than house building, six state capital cities, selected major building materials, index numbers, Sydney and Melbourne
- **37** Price index of materials used in building other than house building, six state capital cities, selected major building materials, index numbers, Brisbane and Adelaide

- **38** Price index of materials used in building other than house building, six state capital cities, selected major building materials, index numbers, Perth and Hobart
- **39** Price index of materials used in building other than house building, six state capital cities, special series, index numbers, weighted average of six state capital cities
- **40** Price index of materials used in building other than house building, six state capital cities, special series, index numbers, Sydney and Melbourne
- **41** Price index of materials used in building other than house building, six state capital cities, special series, index numbers, Brisbane and Adelaide
- **42** Price index of materials used in building other than house building, six state capital cities, special series, index numbers, Perth and Hobart

PRODUCER PRICE INDEXES FOR SELECTED SERVICE INDUSTRIES

- **43** Producer price indexes for selected service industries, transport (freight) and storage division index, subdivision and group contributions
- **44** Producer price indexes for selected service industries, property and business services division, subdivision and group contributions
- **45** Producer price indexes for selected service industries, transport (freight) and storage subdivision group and class indexes
- **46** Producer price indexes for selected service industries, property and business services subdivision group and class indexes

PRICE INDEXES OF COPPER MATERIALS

47 Copper materials used in the manufacture of electrical equipment, index numbers and percentage changes

STAGE OF PRODUCTION(a): Index numbers

	PRELIMINA	ARY		INTERMED	IATE		FINAL(b)		
Period	Domestic	Imports	Total	Domestic	Imports	Total	Domestic	Imports	Total
			• • • • • • •						
1999–2000	104.1	107.1	104.5	103.4	104.4	103.6	104.3	95.7	102.6
2000-01	110.3	126.1	112.4	108.9	119.7	110.3	107.7	104.0	107.0
2001–02	111.8	120.3	112.9	111.3	115.9	111.9	110.0	103.7	108.8
2002–03	114.3	117.4	114.6	113.6	112.1	113.3	113.7	97.5	110.5
1998									
September	100.6	103.3	100.9	100.6	102.8	100.9	99.7	103.5	100.5
December	100.0	101.0	100.1	100.0	101.2	100.2	99.5	101.7	99.9
1999									
March	99.2	97.6	99.0	99.3	98.4	99.2	99.9	99.2	99.7
June	100.3	98.2	100.0	100.1	97.6	99.8	100.9	95.6	99.9
September	102.0	100.1	101.7	101.5	99.1	101.2	102.4	94.2	100.8
December	103.3	103.6	103.3	102.7	101.9	102.6	103.3	95.0	101.7
2000									
March	104.5	108.6	105.0	103.7	105.1	103.9	105.0	94.7	103.0
June	106.7	116.2	108.0	105.7	111.6	106.5	106.4	98.9	104.9
September	109.0	121.0	110.6	107.5	114.4	108.4	106.8	99.5	105.4
December	111.0	131.7	113.8	109.3	124.1	111.2	107.5	105.1	107.0
2001									
March	109.6	122.8	111.3	108.2	117.5	109.4	107.6	103.7	106.9
June	111.7	129.0	113.9	110.4	122.9	112.0	108.7	107.6	108.5
September	112.2	124.7	113.8	111.2	118.9	112.2	109.0	104.7	108.2
December	111.9	122.6	113.3	111.5	118.1	112.3	109.4	106.1	108.8
2002									
March	111.1	116.9	111.9	111.0	113.9	111.4	110.3	103.6	109.0
June	112.1	117.1	112.7	111.5	112.8	111.7	111.3	100.3	109.2
September	112.3	118.2	113.0	111.5	113.8	111.8	111.9	100.5	109.7
December	114.2	120.0	114.9	113.4	114.5	113.6	112.9	99.6	110.3
2003									
March	115.8	119.3	116.2	115.0	113.0	114.7	114.6	97.1	111.1
June	114.7	112.1	114.2	114.3	106.9	113.2	115.2	92.9	110.7

(a) Reference base of each index: 1998-99 = 100.0.

(b) Excluding exports.

STAGE OF PRODUCTION: Percentage change

	PRELIMINA	RY	••••••	INTERMED	IATE	••••••	FINAL(a)		
Period	Domestic	Imports	Total	Domestic	Imports	Total	Domestic	Imports	Tot
		PERCENT	TAGE CH	HANGE FR	OM PREV	/IOUS Y	EAR		
1999–2000	4.1	7.1	4.5	3.4	4.4	3.6	4.3	-4.3	2
2000-01	6.0	17.7	7.6	5.3	14.7	6.5	3.3	8.7	4
2001–02	1.4	-4.6	0.4	2.2	-3.2	1.5	2.1	-0.3	1
2002-03	2.2	-2.4	1.5	2.1	-3.3	1.3	3.4	-6.0	1
	PI	RCENTA	GE CHA	NGE FROI	M PREVIO		ARTER		
1998						700 Q01			
December 1999	-0.6	-2.2	-0.8	-0.6	-1.6	-0.7	-0.2	-1.7	-0
March	-0.8	-3.4	-1.1	-0.7	-2.8	-1.0	0.4	-2.5	-0
June	-0.8	-3.4	1.0	0.8	-0.8	0.6	1.0	-3.6	-0
September	1.1	0.8 1.9	1.0	0.8 1.4	-0.8 1.5	1.4	1.0	-3.0 -1.5	0
December	1.7	3.5	1.6	1.4	2.8	1.4 1.4	0.9	0.8	0
2000	1.5	3.5	1.0	1.2	2.0	1.4	0.9	0.8	0
March	1 0	4.8	1 6	1.0	0.1	1 0	16	0.0	4
June	1.2 2.1	4.8 7.0	1.6 2.9	1.0 1.9	3.1 6.2	1.3 2.5	1.6 1.3	-0.3 4.4	1 1
September December	2.2	4.1	2.4	1.7	2.5	1.8	0.4	0.6 5.6	C 1
December 2001	1.8	8.8	2.9	1.7	8.5	2.6	0.7	5.6	1
March	1.2	6.9	2.2	1.0	FO	1.6	0.1	1.0	~
	-1.3	-6.8	-2.2	-1.0	-5.3	-1.6	0.1	-1.3	-C
June	1.9	5.0	2.3	2.0	4.6	2.4	1.0	3.8	1
September	0.4	-3.3	-0.1	0.7	-3.3	0.2	0.3	-2.7	-0
December 2002	-0.3	-1.7	-0.4	0.3	-0.7	0.1	0.4	1.3	C
March	-0.7	-4.6	-1.2	-0.4	-3.6	-0.8	0.8	-2.4	C
June	0.9	0.2	0.7	0.5	-1.0	0.3	0.9	-3.2	C
September	0.2	0.9	0.3	_	0.9	0.1	0.5	0.2	C
December	1.7	1.5	1.7	1.7	0.6	1.6	0.9	-0.9	0
2003 March	1.4	-0.6	1.1	1.4	-1.3	1.0	1.5	-2.5	C
June	-0.9	-6.0	-1.7	-0.6	-5.4	-1.3	0.5	-4.3	-C
PERCEN	NTAGE CI	HANGE F	ROM CC	ORRESPON	IDING QU	JARTER	OF PREV	OUS YEA	A R
1998 December									
1999	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	r
March	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	r
June	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	r T
September	1.4	-3.1	0.8	0.9	-3.6	0.3	2.7	-9.0	C
December	3.3	2.6	3.2	2.7	0.7	2.4	3.8	-6.6	1
2000	0.0	2.0	0.2	2.1	0.1	2.7	0.0	0.0	L
March	5.3	11.3	6.1	4.4	6.8	4.7	5.1	-4.5	З
June	6.4	18.3	8.0	5.6	14.3	6.7	5.5	3.5	5
September	6.9	20.9	8.8	5.9	15.4	7.1	4.3	5.6	4
December	7.5	20.5	10.2	6.4	21.8	8.4	4.5	10.6	5
2001	1.5	21.1	10.2	0.7	21.0	0.7	7.1	10.0	
March	4.9	13.1	6.0	4.3	11.8	5.3	2.5	9.5	З
June	4.7	11.0	5.5	4.4	10.1	5.2	2.3	8.8	3
September	2.9	3.1	2.9	3.4	3.9	3.5	2.1	5.2	2
December	0.8	-6.9	-0.4	2.0	-4.8	1.0	1.8	1.0	1
2002									
March	1.4	-4.8	0.5	2.6	-3.1	1.8	2.5	-0.1	2
June	0.4	-9.2	-1.1	1.0	-8.2	-0.3	2.4	-6.8	0
September	0.1	-5.2	-0.7	0.3	-4.3	-0.4	2.7	-4.0	1
December	2.1	-2.1	1.4	1.7	-3.0	1.2	3.2	-6.1	1
2003									
March	4.2	2.1	3.8	3.6	-0.8	3.0	3.9	-6.3	1
March	0.0	-4.3	1.3	2 5	-5.2	1.3	3.5	-7.4	1
June	2.3	-4.5	1.5	2.5	-5.2	1.0	0.0		_
	2.3	-4.5	1.3	2.5	-5.2	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •		

STAGE OF PRODUCTION(a): Final Commodities

	DOMESTIC(b)		IMPORTS			TOTAL(b)		
Period	Consumer	Capital	Total	Consumer	Capital	Total	Consumer	Capital	Total
• • • • • • • • • • •						• • • • • • • •			• • • • • •
1999–2000	103.6	104.9	104.3	96.6	94.6	95.7	102.2	103.0	102.6
2000-01	107.2	108.2	107.7	105.7	102.0	104.0	106.9	107.0	107.0
2001–02	109.4	110.7	110.0	106.4	100.7	103.7	108.8	108.8	108.8
2002–03	112.3	115.0	113.7	101.0	93.6	97.5	109.9	111.0	110.5
1998									
September	100.5	98.9	99.7	102.9	104.1	103.5	101.0	99.9	100.5
December	99.6	99.4	99.5	101.2	102.2	101.7	99.9	99.9	99.9
1999									
March	99.6	100.1	99.9	99.1	99.4	99.2	99.5	99.9	99.7
June	100.2	101.6	100.9	96.7	94.4	95.6	99.5	100.3	99.9
September	102.2	102.5	102.4	95.2	93.2	94.2	100.8	100.8	100.8
December	102.6	104.1	103.3	95.8	94.0	95.0	101.2	102.2	101.7
2000									
March	104.0	105.9	105.0	95.8	93.4	94.7	102.4	103.6	103.0
June	105.7	107.1	106.4	99.7	97.9	98.9	104.5	105.3	104.9
September	106.2	107.4	106.8	101.4	97.3	99.5	105.3	105.5	105.4
December	106.7	108.3	107.5	106.6	103.3	105.1	106.7	107.4	107.0
2001									
March	106.8	108.5	107.6	105.1	102.1	103.7	106.5	107.3	106.9
June	108.9	108.5	108.7	109.6	105.3	107.6	109.0	107.9	108.5
September	108.6	109.5	109.0	107.0	102.1	104.7	108.2	108.1	108.2
December	108.8	110.1	109.4	108.4	103.6	106.1	108.7	108.9	108.8
2002									
March	109.6	111.0	110.3	106.6	100.2	103.6	109.0	109.0	109.0
June	110.6	112.1	111.3	103.4	96.8	100.3	109.2	109.2	109.2
September	110.7	113.1	111.9	103.1	97.5	100.5	109.2	110.2	109.7
December	111.9	114.0	112.9	102.8	96.0	99.6	110.1	110.6	110.3
2003									
March	113.9	115.4	114.6	101.3	92.4	97.1	111.2	111.1	111.1
June	112.6	117.5	115.2	96.8	88.5	92.9	109.2	112.0	110.7
June	112.6	c.111	115.2	90.8	88.5	92.9	109.2		

(a) Reference base of each index: 1998-99 = 100.0.

(b) Excluding exports.

STAGE OF PRODUCTION: Final commodities percentage change

	DOMESTIC	a)		IMPORTS			TOTAL(a)		
Period	Consumer	Capital	Total	Consumer	Capital	Total	Consumer	Capital	To
		PERCEN	NTAGE C	CHANGE FR	OM PREV	IOUS YE	EAR		
L999–2000	3.6	4.9	4.3	-3.4	-5.4	-4.3	2.2	3.0	2
2000-01	3.5	3.1	3.3	9.4	7.8	8.7	4.6	3.9	4
2001–02	2.1	2.3	2.1	0.7	-1.3	-0.3	1.8	1.7	1
2002–03	2.7	3.9	3.4	-5.1	-7.1	-6.0	1.0	2.0	1
• • • • • • • • • •		PERCENT	AGE CH	ANGE FROI	M PREVIO	US OUA	RTER		• • • •
.998									
December 1999	-0.9	0.5	-0.2	-1.7	-1.8	-1.7	-1.1	—	-(
March	_	0.7	0.4	-2.1	-2.7	-2.5	-0.4	_	-(
June	0.6	1.5	1.0	-2.4	-5.0	-3.6	_	0.4	(
September	2.0	0.9	1.5	-1.6	-1.3	-1.5	1.3	0.5	(
December	0.4	1.6	0.9	0.6	0.9	0.8	0.4	1.4	(
2000									
March	1.4	1.7	1.6	—	-0.6	-0.3	1.2	1.4	
June	1.6	1.1	1.3	4.1	4.8	4.4	2.1	1.6	:
September	0.5	0.3	0.4	1.7	-0.6	0.6	0.8	0.2	(
December	0.5	0.8	0.7	5.1	6.2	5.6	1.3	1.8	
2001									
March	0.1	0.2	0.1	-1.4	-1.2	-1.3	-0.2	-0.1	_
June	2.0		1.0	4.3	3.1	3.8	2.3	0.6	
September	-0.3	0.9	0.3	-2.4	-3.0	-2.7	-0.7	0.2	-0
December 2002	0.2	0.5	0.4	1.3	1.5	1.3	0.5	0.7	(
March	0.7	0.8	0.8	-1.7	-3.3	-2.4	0.3	0.1	
June	0.9	1.0	0.9	-3.0	-3.4	-3.2	0.2	0.2	
September	0.1	0.9	0.5	-0.3	0.7	0.2	—	0.9	
December 2003	1.1	0.8	0.9	-0.3	-1.5	-0.9	0.8	0.4	
March	1.8	1.2	1.5	-1.5	-3.8	-2.5	1.0	0.5	(
June	-1.1	1.8	0.5	-4.4	-4.2	-4.3	-1.8	0.8	_(
PFRO	FNTAGE	CHANGE	FROM C	ORRESPON		ARTER	OF PREVIO	US VEAR	• • • •
1998									
December	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	
1999									
March	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	
June	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	
September	1.7	3.6	2.7	-7.5	-10.5	-9.0	-0.2	0.9	
December	3.0	4.7	3.8	-5.3	-8.0	-6.6	1.3	2.3	
2000									
March	4.4	5.8	5.1	-3.3	-6.0	-4.5	2.9	3.7	:
June	5.5	5.4	5.5	3.1	3.7	3.5	5.0	5.0	
September	3.9	4.8	4.3	6.5	4.4	5.6	4.5	4.7	
December	4.0	4.0	4.1	11.3	9.9	10.6	5.4	5.1	!
2001 Marah	0.7	0.5	2 5	0.7	0.2	0.5	4.0	2.6	
March	2.7	2.5	2.5	9.7	9.3 7.6	9.5	4.0	3.6 2.5	:
June	3.0	1.3	2.2	9.9 5 5	7.6	8.8 5.2	4.3	2.5	;
September December	2.3 2.0	2.0	2.1 1.8	5.5 1.7	4.9	5.2 1.0	2.8 1.9	2.5	:
2002	2.0	1.7	1.0	1.1	0.3	1.0	1.9	1.4	:
March	2.6	2.3	2.5	1.4	-1.9	-0.1	2.3	1.6	:
June	1.6	3.3	2.4	-5.7	-8.1	-6.8	0.2	1.2	(
September	1.9	3.3	2.7	-3.6	-4.5	-4.0	0.9	1.9	2
December	2.8	3.5	3.2	-5.2	-7.3	-6.1	1.3	1.6	:
2003									
March	3.9	4.0	3.9	-5.0	-7.8	-6.3	2.0	1.9	:
June	1.8	4.8	3.5	-6.4	-8.6	-7.4	—	2.6	
• • • • • • • • • •				• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	•••••		• • • • • • • •	• • • •



STAGE OF PRODUCTION(a): Final commodities index points change

DOMESTIC IMPORTS TOTAL Mar Jun Mar Jun Mar Jun Qtr Qtr Qtr Otr Qtr Otr ANZSIC 2003 2003 Change 2003 2003 Change 2003 2003 Change 012-013 Grain, sheep, beef & dairy cattle farming 0.18 0.20 0.02 0.14 0.16 0.02 011,014–016 Other agriculture 2.41 2.12 -0.291.90 1.68 -0.22. 04 Commercial fishing 0.93 0.90 -0.03 0.74 0.71 -0.03 211 Meat & meat product mfg 3.14 3.13 -0.01 2.49 2.48 -0.01 212 Dairy product mfg 2.72 2.72 _ 0.89 0.90 0.01 2.34 2.35 0.01 213 Fruit & vegetable processing 1.52 1.56 0.04 1.75 1.76 0.01 1.70 1.72 0.02 214 Oil & fat mfg 0.41 0.40 -0.010.08 0.08 . . Flour mill & cereal food mfg 215 0.88 0.90 0.02 0.70 0.71 0.01 Bakery product mfg 216 2.03 2.04 0.01 0.01 1.61 1.62 3.45 3.53 0.08 3.68 3.58 -0.10 3.50 3.54 0.04 217 Other food mfg 218 3.46 3.47 3.25 0.01 Beverage & malt mfg 0.01 2.38 2.38 3.24 _ 219 Tobacco product mfg 0.77 0.77 _ 2.01 1.88 -0.13 1.03 1.00 -0.03 221 Textile fibre, yarn & woven fabric mfg 0.31 0.31 0.65 0.62 0.38 0.37 -0.01 -0.03 222 Textile product mfg 0.51 0.52 0.01 0.64 0.64 0.54 0.54 _ _ 223 Knitting mills 0.29 0.29 0.63 0.59 -0.04 0.36 0.36 _ 224 Clothing mfg 1.90 1.90 4.49 4.25 -0.242.44 2.40 -0.04_ 225 0.26 _ 1.41 1.30 -0.11 0.50 0.48 -0.02 Footwear mfg 0.26 226 Leather & leather product mfg 0.23 0.21 1.11 1.00 -0.11 -0.02 232-233 Other wood, paper & paper product mfg 0.73 0.74 0.01 0.58 0.58 0.07 241 Printing & services to printing 0.40 0.40 0.08 -0.01 0.34 0.33 -0.01 Publishing 242 1.31 1.32 0.01 0.81 0.80 -0.01 1.21 1.21 _ 243 Recorded media mfg & publishing 0.17 0.17 1.23 1.15 -0.08 0.39 0.38 -0.01 251 Petroleum refining 2.48 2.09 -0.391.32 1.00 -0.322.24 1.87 -0.37 253 Basic chemical mfg 0.35 0.36 0.01 0.07 0.07 . . 254 Other chemical product mfg 2.14 2.14 4.81 4.74 -0.07 2.70 2.69 -0.01 _ _ 255 Rubber product mfg 0.12 0.12 0.61 0 59 -0.02 0.22 0.21 -0.01 256 Plastic product mfg 0.81 0.84 0.03 0.86 0.82 -0.04 0.82 0.84 0.02 Iron & steel mfg 271 0.10 0.10 _ 0.02 0.02 ____ 273 Non-ferrous basic metal product mfg 0.19 0.18 -0.01 0.04 0.04 Sheet metal product mfg 275 0.27 0.27 0.21 0.21 _ 276 Fabricated metal product mfg 0.18 0.18 1.11 1.05 -0.06 0.37 0.36 -0.01 281 Motor vehicle & part mfg 5.91 5.90 -0.01 19.51 19.24 -0.278.75 8.69 -0.06 282 Other transport equipment mfg 0.51 0.51 _ 4.39 4.26 -0.131.32 1.29 -0.03283 Photographic & scientific equipment mfg 0.21 0.21 4.39 4.22 -0.171.08 1.04 -0.04 -0.05 284 Electronic equipment mfg 0.82 14.53 13.16 -1.37 3.68 3.35 -0.33 0.77 285 Electrical equipment & household 1.51 4.12 3.96 -0.16 2.06 2.03 -0.03 appliance mfg 1.51 286 Industrial machinery & equipment mfg 1.68 1.67 -0.01 12.92 12.62 -0.30 4.03 3.96 -0.07 29 Other mfg 2.99 2.99 5.93 5.45 -0.48 3.61 3.51 -0.10 36-37 6.54 -0.02Electricity, gas & water supply 6.52 5.18 5.17 -0.01 411 Building construction 43.49 44.58 0.86 1.09 34.50 35.36 412 4.49 4.55 0.06 Non-building construction 3.56 3.61 0.05 571 Accommodation 1.37 1.35 -0.02 1.08 1.07 -0.01 611 Road freight transport 1.48 1.49 0.01 1.17 1.18 0.01 620 Rail transport 0.42 0.42 0.33 0.33 _ _ 630-640 Water, air & space transport 0.34 0.33 -0.01 0.27 0.27 66 Services to transport 1.64 1.64 1.30 1.30 _ _ 772 2.33 2.39 0.06 1.85 1.90 0.05 Real estate agents 782 Technical services 0.93 0.94 0.01 0.74 0.75 . . 0.01 783 Computer services 3.73 3.74 0.01 2.96 2.96 784 Legal & accounting services 0.58 0.58 0.46 0.46 _ Total 114.6 115.2 97.1 92.9 110.7 -0.4 0.6 -4.2 111.1

. . not applicable

(a) Reference base of each index: 1998-99 = 100.0.

— nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)

STAGE OF PRODUCTION(a): Domestic final commodities index points change

CONSUMER CAPITAL TOTAL Mar Jun Mar Jun Mar Jun Qtr Otr Qtr Otr Qtr Otr 2003 ANZSIC 2003 Change 2003 2003 Change 2003 2003 Change . 012-013 Grain, sheep, beef & dairy cattle farming 0.41 0.46 0.05 0.18 0.20 0.02 011,014–016 Other agriculture 5.48 4.85 -0.632.41 2.12 -0.29. 04 Commercial fishing 0.93 2.14 2.07 -0.07 0.90 -0.03 211 Meat & meat product mfg 7.19 7.15 -0.04 3.14 3.13 -0.01 212 Dairy product mfg 6.21 6.23 0.02 2.72 2.72 213 Fruit & vegetable processing 3.99 4.03 0.04 1.75 1.76 0.01 • • 215 Flour mill & cereal food mfg 2.02 2.05 0.03 0.88 0.90 0.02 216 Bakery product mfg 4.63 4.66 0.03 2.03 2.04 0.01 Other food mfg 217 7.89 8.07 0.18 3.45 3.53 0.08 218 Beverage & malt mfg 7.91 7.94 0.03 3.46 3.47 0.01 219 Tobacco product mfg 1.76 1.76 0.77 0.77 _ _ 221 Textile fibre, yarn & woven fabric mfg 0.71 0.71 _ . . 0.31 0.31 Textile product mfg 222 1.17 0.02 0.51 1.19 0.52 0.01 223 Knitting mills 0.66 0.67 0.01 0.29 0.29 _ 224 Clothing mfg 4.34 4.35 0.01 1.90 1.90 225 Footwear mfg 0.58 0.60 0.26 0.02 0.26 _ 232-233 Other wood, paper & paper product mfg 1.68 1.69 0.01 0.73 0.01 0.74 241 Printing & services to printing -0.01 0.92 0.91 0.40 0.40 242 Publishing 3.00 3.01 0.01 . . 1.31 1.32 0.01 243 Recorded media mfg & publishing 0.39 0.39 0.17 0.17 _ 251 5.68 Petroleum refining 4.78 -0.90 2.48 2.09 -0.39 254 Other chemical product mfg 4.89 4.90 0.01 2.14 2.14 255 0.26 Rubber product mfg 0.27 0.01 0.12 0.12 _ 256 Plastic product mfg 1.86 0.81 0.03 1.93 0.07 0.84 . . 275 Sheet metal product mfg 0.48 0.48 0.27 0.27 _ 276 Fabricated metal product mfg 0.31 0.32 0.01 0.18 0.18 _ 281 Motor vehicle & part mfg 5.92 5.91 -0.01 5.91 5.90 -0.01 5.91 5.90 -0.01 282 Other transport equipment mfg 0.34 0.35 0.01 0.63 0.63 _ 0.51 0.51 _ 283 0.38 0.21 Photographic & scientific equipment mfg 0.37 -0.01 0.21 284 Electronic equipment mfg 0.28 0.27 -0.01 1.24 1.16 -0.08 0.82 0.77 -0.05 285 Electrical equipment & household appliance mfg 2.30 2.30 0.91 0.91 1.51 1.51 286 Industrial machinery & equipment mfg 3.00 2.98 -0.02 1.68 1.67 -0.01 2.27 2.26 29 Other mfg -0.01 3.57 3.57 2.99 2.99 _ 36-37 14.96 14.90 -0.06 6.54 6.52 -0.02 Electricity, gas & water supply . . 411 Building construction 77.48 79.42 1.94 43.49 44.58 1.09 412 Non-building construction 4.49 4.55 7.99 8.11 0.12 0.06 571 Accommodation 3.13 3.10 -0.03 1.37 1.35 -0.02 611 Road freight transport 3.38 3.41 0.03 1.48 1.49 0.01 0.95 0.42 620 Rail transport 0.95 _ 0.42 _ 630-640 Water, air & space transport 0.77 0.76 -0.01 0.34 0.33 -0.01 66 Services to transport 3.76 3.77 0.01 1.64 1.64 ____ 772 Real estate agents 4.16 4.26 0.10 2.33 2.39 0.06 782 Technical services 0.93 1.66 1.68 0.02 0.94 0.01 783 Computer services 6.65 6.66 0.01 3.73 3.74 0.01 784 Legal & accounting services 1.03 1.03 0.58 0.58 _ Total 115.4 117.5 2.1 114.6 115.2 113.9 112.6 -1.3 0.6

(a) Reference base of each index: 1998-99 = 100.0.

.. not applicable

— nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)



$\label{eq:stage} {\tt STAGE OF PRODUCTION(a): Imported final commodities index points change}$

		CONSU	MER		CAPITAL			TOTAL	•••••	
ANZSIC		Mar Qtr 2003	Jun Qtr 2003	Change	Mar Qtr 2003	Jun Qtr 2003	Change	Mar Qtr 2003	Jun Qtr 2003	Change
• • • • • •					• • • • • • • •		• • • • • • •			
212	Dairy product mfg	1.76	1.79	0.03				0.89	0.90	0.01
213	Fruit & vegetable processing	3.02	3.10	0.08				1.52	1.56	0.04
214	Oil & fat mfg	0.81	0.80	-0.01				0.41	0.40	-0.01
217	Other food mfg	7.30	7.11	-0.19				3.68	3.58	-0.10
218	Beverage & malt mfg	4.73	4.72	-0.01				2.38	2.38	_
219	Tobacco product mfg	4.00	3.73	-0.27				2.01	1.88	-0.13
221	Textile fibre, yarn & woven fabric mfg	1.29	1.22	-0.07				0.65	0.62	-0.03
222	Textile product mfg	1.28	1.27	-0.01				0.64	0.64	_
223	Knitting mills	1.26	1.17	-0.09				0.63	0.59	-0.04
224	Clothing mfg	8.91	8.44	-0.47				4.49	4.25	-0.24
225	Footwear mfg	2.80	2.59	-0.21				1.41	1.30	-0.11
226	Leather & leather product mfg	2.20	1.99	-0.21				1.11	1.00	-0.11
241	Printing & services to printing	0.15	0.15	_				0.08	0.07	-0.01
242	Publishing	1.62	1.59	-0.03				0.81	0.80	-0.01
243	Recorded media mfg & publishing	2.44	2.28	-0.16				1.23	1.15	-0.08
251	Petroleum refining	2.61	1.99	-0.62				1.32	1.00	-0.32
253	Basic chemical mfg	0.70	0.71	0.01				0.35	0.36	0.01
254	Other chemical product mfg	9.56	9.41	-0.15				4.81	4.74	-0.07
255	Rubber product mfg	1.21	1.16	-0.05				0.61	0.59	-0.02
256	Plastic product mfg	1.70	1.62	-0.08				0.86	0.82	-0.04
271	Iron & steel mfg	0.20	0.20	_				0.10	0.10	_
273	Non-ferrous basic metal product mfg	0.37	0.37	_				0.19	0.18	-0.01
276	Fabricated metal product mfg	2.20	2.08	-0.12				1.11	1.05	-0.06
281	Motor vehicle & part mfg	14.15	13.94	-0.21	24.86	24.54	-0.32	19.51	19.24	-0.27
282	Other transport equipment mfg	2.43	2.38	-0.05	6.35	6.14	-0.21	4.39	4.26	-0.13
283	Photographic & scientific equipment mfg	2.96	2.83	-0.13	5.81	5.61	-0.20	4.39	4.22	-0.17
284	Electronic equipment mfg	5.71	5.25	-0.46	23.40	21.10	-2.30	14.53	13.16	-1.37
285	Electrical equipment & household	0.1.1	0.20	0110	20110		2.00	1.00	10.10	2.01
200	appliance mfg	4.47	4.29	-0.18	3.74	3.61	-0.13	4.12	3.96	-0.16
286	Industrial machinery & equipment mfg				25.94	25.33	-0.61	12.92	12.62	-0.30
29	Other mfg	9.50	8.63	-0.87	2.28	2.22	-0.06	5.93	5.45	-0.48
	Total	101.3	96.8	-4.5	92.4	88.5	-3.9	97.1	92.9	-4.2
not	applicable		(a) Refere	nce base of	each inde	x: 1998–99	0 = 100.0.		

.. not applicable

— nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)

(a) Reference base of each index: 1998-99 = 100.0.

${\tt STAGE \ OF \ PRODUCTION(a): } \textbf{Intermediate \ commodities \ index \ points \ change}}$

		DOMEST	TC	••••••	IMPORT	S	••••••	TOTAL	••••••	
		Mar	Jun		Mar	Jun		Mar	Jun	
		Qtr	Qtr	01	Qtr	Qtr	01	Qtr	Qtr	01
ANZSIC		2003	2003	Change	2003	2003	Change	2003	2003	Change
040.040					• • • • • • •			• • • • • • •		
012-013 011.014-016	Grain, sheep, beef & dairy cattle farming Other agriculture	7.02 3.32	6.99 3.31	-0.03 -0.01		••		6.00 2.84	5.97 2.83	-0.03 -0.01
02	Services to agriculture; hunting & trapping	0.17	0.17	-0.01				0.15	0.15	-0.01
04	Commercial fishing	0.36	0.25	-0.11				0.31	0.22	-0.09
110	Coal mining	0.69	0.66	-0.03				0.59	0.56	-0.03
120	Oil & gas extraction	1.83	1.57	-0.26	11.57	9.84	-1.73	3.25	2.77	-0.48
131	Metal ore mining	1.36	1.29	-0.07	1.26	1.16	-0.10	1.34	1.27	-0.07
14 211	Other mining Meat & meat product mfg	0.96 1.97	1.03 1.97	0.07	0.34	0.34	_	0.87 1.69	0.93 1.68	0.06 -0.01
212	Dairy product mfg	0.91	0.91	_	 0.68	 0.69	 0.01	0.87	0.88	0.01
213–214	Fruit & vegetable processing; oil & fat mfg	0.22	0.24	0.02	0.62	0.62		0.29	0.30	0.01
215	Flour mill & cereal food mfg	0.84	0.84	_				0.72	0.72	
216	Bakery product mfg	0.18	0.18	_				0.15	0.15	
217	Other food mfg	1.03	1.06	0.03	0.67	0.65	-0.02	0.98	1.00	0.02
218	Beverage & malt mfg	0.72	0.71	-0.01	0.75	0.75	_	0.72	0.72	
22	Textile, clothing, footwear & leather mfg	1.52	1.51	-0.01	8.20	7.84	-0.36	2.49	2.44	-0.05
231 232	Log sawmilling & timber dressing Other wood product mfg	0.87 2.01	0.88 2.02	0.01 0.01	1.74 0.72	1.73 0.72	-0.01	1.00 1.82	1.01 1.83	0.01 0.01
233	Paper & paper product mfg	1.34	1.35	0.01	3.08	3.04	-0.04	1.52	1.59	0.01
241	Printing & services to printing	2.46	2.41	-0.05				2.10	2.06	-0.04
242	Publishing	2.77	2.77	_				2.37	2.37	
251	Petroleum refining	3.24	2.75	-0.49	4.57	3.80	-0.77	3.43	2.90	-0.53
253	Basic chemical mfg	1.12	1.11	-0.01	6.87	6.82	-0.05	1.95	1.94	-0.01
254	Other chemical product mfg	1.98	1.99	0.01	4.23	4.13	-0.10	2.31	2.30	-0.01
255 256	Rubber product mfg Plastic product mfg	0.54	0.55 1.87	0.01 0.02	2.67 3.92	2.61 3.70	-0.06 -0.22	0.85 2.15	0.85 2.14	-0.01
250	Non-metalic mineral product mfg	1.85 4.16	4.19	0.02	3.92	3.03	-0.22 -0.18	4.03	4.03	-0.01
271	Iron & steel mfg	2.67	2.68	0.01	3.47	3.32	-0.15	2.79	2.78	-0.01
272	Basic non-ferrous metal mfg	1.54	1.45	-0.09	0.63	0.59	-0.04	1.41	1.32	-0.09
273	Non-ferrous basic metal product mfg	0.33	0.31	-0.02	1.03	1.01	-0.02	0.43	0.41	-0.02
274	Structural metal product mfg	2.50	2.52	0.02	0.04	0.04	—	2.14	2.16	0.02
275	Sheet metal product mfg	1.15	1.15		0.17	0.16	-0.01	1.01	1.01	
276	Fabricated metal product mfg	1.14	1.15	0.01	3.95	3.80	-0.15	1.55	1.54	-0.01
281 282	Motor vehicle & part mfg Other transport equipment mfg	2.14 0.63	2.13 0.63	-0.01	12.06 1.67	11.72 1.61	-0.34 -0.06	3.58 0.78	3.53 0.78	-0.05
283	Photographic & scientific equipment mfg	0.05	0.03	-0.01	4.68	4.48	-0.20	0.89	0.86	-0.03
284	Electronic equipment mfg	0.84	0.84		8.27	7.61	-0.66	1.92	1.82	-0.10
285	Electrical equipment & household									
	appliance mfg	1.72	1.73	0.01	7.47	7.20	-0.27	2.55	2.52	-0.03
286	Industrial machinery & equipment mfg	1.39	1.39	—	11.69	11.36	-0.33	2.88	2.84	-0.04
29	Other mfg				2.72	2.55	-0.17	0.39	0.37	-0.02
36–37 571	Electricity, gas & water supply Accommodation	4.72	4.68	-0.04		• •	• •	4.03 0.45	3.99 0.45	-0.04
511	Road freight transport	0.53 6.38	0.52 6.44	-0.01 0.06		• •	• •	0.45 5.45	5.50	0.05
520	Rail transport	0.64	0.63	-0.01		••	•••	0.54	0.54	0.00
630	Water transport	0.60	0.59	-0.01				0.52	0.51	-0.01
640	Air & space transport	1.51	1.52	0.01				1.29	1.30	0.01
650	Other transport	0.25	0.25	—				0.21	0.21	_
6	Services to transport	1.62	1.62	—	• •		• •	1.39	1.39	
670 74	Storage	0.98	0.98		• •	• •	• •	0.84	0.84	
71 72	Property operators & developers	10.10	10.05	-0.05	• •		• •	8.63	8.59	-0.04
72 74	Real estate agents Machinery & equipment hiring & leasing	1.23 1.38	1.26 1.38	0.03	••	• •	• •	1.05 1.18	1.07 1.18	0.02
82	Technical services	1.38	1.38	0.02		••		1.18	1.18	0.02
83	Computer services	3.66	3.67	0.01				3.13	3.13	
'84	Legal & accounting services	5.14	5.17	0.03				4.39	4.41	0.02
'85	Marketing & business management									
	services	5.88	5.94	0.06				5.02	5.08	0.06
86	Other business services	6.71	6.77	0.06				5.73	5.78	0.05
	Total	115.0	114.3	-0.7	113.0	106.9	-6.1	114.7	113.2	-1.5

— nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)

$\label{eq:stage} \mathsf{STAGE} \ \mathsf{OF} \ \mathsf{PRODUCTION} (a) \colon \textbf{Preliminary commodities index points change}$

		DOMEST			IMPORT	S 		TOTAL		
		Mar	Jun		Mar	Jun		Mar	Jun	
ANZSIC		Qtr 2003	Qtr 2003	Change	Qtr 2003	Qtr 2003	Change	Qtr 2003	Qtr 2003	Change
010 010		- 4-	F 00	0.40				4.00	4 50	0.10
012–013 011,014–016	Grain, sheep, beef & dairy cattle farming Other agriculture	5.45 2.28	5.33 2.26	-0.12 -0.02	• •	• •	• •	4.69 1.96	4.59 1.96	-0.10
011,014-010	Services to agriculture; hunting & trapping	0.31	0.32	-0.02		••		0.27	0.27	_
030	Forestry & logging	0.33	0.34	0.01				0.29	0.29	
110	Coal mining	1.33	1.26	-0.07				1.15	1.09	-0.06
120	Oil & gas extraction	3.52	3.01	-0.51	23.63	20.08	-3.55	6.29	5.36	-0.93
131	Metal ore mining	1.27	1.21	-0.06	0.98	0.90	-0.08	1.23	1.16	-0.07
14	Other mining	1.37	1.47	0.10	0.50	0.49	-0.01	1.24	1.33	0.09
211	Meat & meat product mfg	0.76	0.75	-0.01				0.65	0.65	_
212	Dairy product mfg	0.36	0.36	_	0.30	0.31	0.01	0.35	0.35	_
213–214	Fruit & vegetable processing; oil & fat mfg	0.09	0.10	0.01	0.32	0.31	-0.01	0.12	0.12	_
215	Flour mill & cereal food mfg	0.44	0.44	—				0.37	0.38	0.01
216	Bakery product mfg	0.06	0.06	—				0.05	0.05	
217	Other food mfg	1.07	1.09	0.02	0.46	0.45	-0.01	0.99	1.00	0.01
218	Beverage & malt mfg	0.39	0.39	—	0.48	0.48	—	0.40	0.40	_
22	Textile, clothing, footwear & leather mfg	0.88	0.88		5.59	5.33	-0.26	1.53	1.49	-0.04
231	Log sawmilling & timber dressing	0.91	0.92	0.01	1.51	1.51	—	0.99	1.00	0.01
232	Other wood product mfg	0.79	0.80	0.01	0.21	0.21		0.71	0.72	0.01
233	Paper & paper product mfg	1.90	1.91	0.01	7.86	7.77	-0.09	2.72	2.71	-0.01
241 242	Printing & services to printing	1.98	1.94	-0.04		• •	• •	1.70	1.67	-0.03
251	Publishing Petroleum refining	2.33 3.55	2.33 3.01	-0.54	 5.00	 4.13	 -0.87	2.00 3.75	2.01 3.16	0.01 -0.59
253	Basic chemical mfg	2.34	2.33	-0.34 -0.01	14.40	4.13 14.29	-0.87	4.00	3.98	-0.02
254	Other chemical product mfg	2.34	2.33	-0.01	5.12	5.00	-0.11	4.00 2.54	2.53	-0.02
255	Rubber product mfg	0.45	0.45	_	2.32	2.27	-0.12	0.70	0.70	-0.01
256	Plastic product mfg	1.65	1.66	0.01	3.72	3.51	-0.21	1.93	1.92	-0.01
26	Non-metalic mineral product mfg	1.88	1.89	0.01				1.62	1.64	0.02
271	Iron & steel mfg	4.17	4.19	0.02	5.47	5.24	-0.23	4.34	4.33	-0.01
272	Basic non-ferrous metal mfg	1.89	1.78	-0.11	0.80	0.75	-0.05	1.74	1.63	-0.11
273	Non-ferrous basic metal product mfg	0.40	0.38	-0.02	1.29	1.25	-0.04	0.52	0.50	-0.02
274	Structural metal product mfg	1.72	1.74	0.02				1.48	1.50	0.02
275	Sheet metal product mfg	0.57	0.57	_	0.09	0.08	-0.01	0.51	0.51	
276	Fabricated metal product mfg	0.85	0.87	0.02	3.05	2.93	-0.12	1.16	1.15	-0.01
281	Motor vehicle & part mfg	1.47	1.47	—	8.16	7.94	-0.22	2.39	2.36	-0.03
282	Other transport equipment mfg	0.59	0.59	—	1.65	1.59	-0.06	0.73	0.73	_
283	Photographic & scientific equipment mfg	0.11	0.10	-0.01	2.67	2.56	-0.11	0.46	0.44	-0.02
284	Electronic equipment mfg	0.68	0.67	-0.01	7.10	6.53	-0.57	1.56	1.48	-0.08
285	Electrical equipment & household									
	appliance mfg	1.00	1.01	0.01	5.23	5.05	-0.18	1.59	1.57	-0.02
286	Industrial machinery & equipment mfg	1.21	1.21		11.43	11.11	-0.32	2.62	2.57	-0.05
36–37	Electricity, gas & water supply	5.76	5.72	-0.04	• •		• •	4.97	4.93	-0.04
571	Accommodation	0.62	0.61	-0.01				0.54	0.53	-0.01
611 620	Road freight transport Rail transport	7.80 0.87	7.88 0.87	0.08	• •	• •	• •	6.72 0.75	6.78 0.75	0.06
630	Water transport	0.87	0.87	-0.02				0.75	0.75	-0.01
640	Air & space transport	1.68	1.69	-0.02	•••	••	• •	1.45	1.46	0.01
650	Other transport	0.34	0.34					0.29	0.29	0.01
66	Services to transport	1.93	1.93	_				1.65	1.65	_
670	Storage	1.19	1.19	_				1.03	1.03	_
771	Property operators & developers	14.14	14.07	-0.07				12.17	12.11	-0.06
772	Real estate agents	1.72	1.76	0.04				1.48	1.51	0.03
774	Machinery & equipment hiring & leasing	1.93	1.94	0.01				1.66	1.67	0.01
782	Technical services	2.06	2.09	0.03				1.78	1.80	0.02
783	Computer services	3.90	3.90	_				3.36	3.36	_
784	Legal & accounting services	4.76	4.79	0.03				4.10	4.12	0.02
785	Marketing & business management									
	services	5.48	5.54	0.06				4.72	4.77	0.05
786	Other business services	6.46	6.52	0.06				5.57	5.62	0.05
	Total	115.8	114.7	-1.1	119.3	112.1	-7.2	116.2	114.2	-2.0

. . not applicable

— nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)

(a) Reference base of each index: 1998-99 = 100.0.

ABS • PRODUCER PRICE INDEXES • 6427.0 • JUN QTR 2003 19

ARTICLES PRODUCED BY MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES(a): **Division index**

		% change from	% change from corresponding
	Index	previous	quarter of
Period	numbers	period	previous year
			• • • • • • • • • •
1999–2000	120.6	4.3	
2000–01	128.5	6.6	
2001–02	128.8	0.2	
2002–03	130.3	1.2	
1998			
September	116.4	0.2	0.9
December	115.7	-0.6	-0.4
1999			
March	115.0	-0.6	-0.7
June	115.3	0.3	-0.8
September	117.7	2.1	1.1
December	119.3	1.4	3.2
2000			
March	121.4	1.8	5.6
June	123.8	2.0	7.4
September	126.2	1.9	7.2
December	129.3	2.5	8.4
2001	407 7	1.0	
March	127.7	-1.2	5.2
June	130.7	2.3 -1.1	5.6
September	129.2		2.4
December 2002	128.4	-0.6	-0.7
March	128.3	-0.1	0.5
June	128.3	-0.1 0.8	-1.2
September	129.3 129.0	-0.2	-1
December		-0.2	-0.2
2003	130.5	1.2	1.6
March	132.1	1.2	3.0
June	132.1	-2.0	0.2

. . not applicable

(a) Reference base of each index: 1989-90 = 100.0.



ARTICLES PRODUCED BY MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES (a): Subdivision & group

Knitting Printing, Log Food, mills, sawmilling Paper publishing and other beverages Textiles clothing. and and Petroleum Rubber and and textile footwear wood paper recorded and coal and media tobacco products and leather products products products Chemicals plastics (221–222) (223–226) (231–232) (233) (24) (251–252) (253–254) (255-256) (21) Period 1999-2000 125.1 103.8 119.5 126.0 111.3 148.9 137.5 111.8 114.9 2000-01 131.4 108.6 120.7 130.7 114.9 152.4 190.2 115.8 119.1 2001-02 115.9 155.5 158.5 113.9 139.9 111.8 122.3 132.4 123.9 2002-03 139.9 120.3 124.8 135.1 117.9 155.2 172.6 115.1 124.5 1998 123.4 103.6 117.0 120.9 109.9 143.2 90.3 111.0 114.1 September December 122.8 102.9 117.4 121.2 110.3 144.0 85.1 111.8 113.9 1999 122.7 102.8 121.3 110.6 143.6 79.7 March 118.2 111.0 114.0 June 121.4 102.4 119.0 120.7 110.6 143.7 92.2 109.3 114.1 102.3 148.3 122.7 119.3 122.2 112.0 109.8 114.0 September 119.3 December 124.9 102.1 119.4 123.5 110.8 148.7 125.6 110.5 114.1 2000 March 125.2 103.9 119.8 127.9 110.9 148.8 145.0 112.2 115.7June 127.4 106.7 119.6 130.5 111.5 149.8 160.2 114.5 115.9 106.4 151.5 September 127.2 119.1 131.3 113.1 190.5 114.0 116.2 December 129.3 108.0 120.6 131.9 115.3 152.1 207.0 116.1 118.4 2001 March 132.0 109.4 121.2 130.1 115.5 152.4 174.5 116.1 120.0 June 136.9 110.5 121.9 129.5 115.6 153.6 188.8 116.8 121.6 September 137.6 110.3 121.7 130.5 115.9 155.7 170.4 115.4 122.9 109.3 December 140.6 122.0 132.0 115.2 155.1 155.4 113.7 123.9 2002 March 141.8 112.8 122.6 133.7 115.3 155.3 144.8 113.2 124.5 114.9 117.0 June 139.4 122.8 133.4 155.7 163.5 113.3 124.3 September 138.2 115.0 124.2 133.9 117.6 156.1 161.9 114.7 125.3 December 139.5 123.4 124.8 134.0 119.5 154.6 173.2 115.1 125.4 2003 141.3 124.1 124.5 134.9 117.0 155.7 189.4 115.0 122.7 March June 140.6 118.5 125.5 137.4 117.6 154.2 165.8 115.7 124.7

(a) Reference base of each index: 1989-90 = 100.0.



ARTICLES PRODUCED BY MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES (a): Subdivision & group continued

Non-Electronic metallic Fabricated Transport equipment mineral Base metal metal equipment and other Other products products products and parts machinery manufacturing (26) (271–273) (274–276) (281–282) (283–286) (29) Period 1999-2000 117.5 104.8 115.2 119.6 109.9 123.9 2000-01 117.8 115.4 116.7 124.1 112.3 128.8 2001-02 107.9 118.6 128.5 114.2 118.7 131.0 2002-03 125.8 104.8 122.2 129.4 113.8 127.9 1998 117.2 102.8 113.9 118.7 109.5 121.2 September December 117.2 99.6 113.2 117.4 109.2 121.1 1999 117.1 96.5 113.5 117.7 108.6 121.1 March June 116.8 95.7 113.8 117.5 109.1 122.1 September 117.2 97.8 113.5 118.1 109.3 123.1 December 117.3 102.4 114.7 119.3 109.7 123.5 2000 March 117.6 107.9 115.7 119.9 110.1 123.6 June 117.9 111.1 116.8 121.2 110.5 125.3 September 117.8 112.0 116.6 121.5 110.6 126.8 December 118.0 117.4 116.3 123.9 111.8 128.9 2001 129.2 117.7 115.6 116.7 124.7 112.4 March 116.4 126.3 114.2 130.4 June 117.7 117.2 110.9 127.5 131.0 117.6 118.0 114.2 September December 117.8 107.4 118.3 128.2 114.5 130.6 2002 107.4 130.1 March 117.9 118.4 129.4 114.2 June 121.6 105.7 119.7 128.9 113.9 132.3 123.1 106.3 120.5 129.0 114.0 128.6 September December 125.6 106.1 121.8 130.0 114.0 127.9 2003 March 126.7 105.4 122.6 129.9 113.9 128.2

123.9

128.7

113.3

126.9

101.3

127.8

Reference base of each index: 1989-90 = 100.0. (a)

June



MATERIALS USED IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES(a): Division index

Manufacturing Imported Domestic materials materials division Period 1999-2000115.8118.8114.52000-01132.4134.0131.92001-02132.4130.3134.12002-03131.9125.4136.7 136.7 1998
 September
 107.5
 116.6
 102.2

 December
 105.8
 113.6
 101.3
 1999 104.2 111.6 99.9 March
 104.2
 111.6

 106.1
 112.3

 108.3
 112.2

 113.6
 115.6
 June 102.5 106.3 September December 112.8 2000 117.8 120.3 116.7 102.5 102.0 102.0 March lune 123.5 126.9 122.0

June	123.5	126.9	122.0
September	127.8	129.6	127.3
December	133.9	133.6	134.6
2001			
March	130.3	132.9	129.0
June	137.7	140.0	136.8
September	134.5	132.0	136.4
December	132.0	133.0	131.8
2002			
March	130.6	128.8	132.1
June	132.6	127.5	136.1
September	130.6	127.1	133.0
December	131.3	126.6	134.5
2003			
March	135.8	125.8	144.7
June	129.9	122.0	134.7

(a) Reference base of each index: 1989-90 = 100.0.



MATERIALS USED IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES: Division percentage changes

Period	Manufacturing divisio	n Imported materials	Domestic materia
		IGE FROM PREVIOU	
1999–2000	9.	3 4.7	12.
2000-01			15.
2000-01		2.8	10.
2002-03	-0.	2.0	1.
2002-05			
		E FROM PREVIOUS	
1998	_		
September	0.		-0.
December	-1.	6 –2.6	-0.
1999			
March	-1.		-1.
June	1.	8 0.6	2.
September	2.	1 -0.1	3.
December	4.	9 3.0	6.
2000			
March	3.	7 4.1	3.
June	4.	8 5.5	4.
September	3.	5 2.1	4.
December	4.	8 3.1	5.
2001			
March	-2.	7 –0.5	-4.
June	5.	7 5.3	6.
September	-2.	3 –5.7	-0.
December	-1.	9 0.8	-3.
2002			
March	-1.	1 -3.2	0.
June	1.		3.
September	-1.		-2.
December	0.		1.
2003			
March	3.	4 –0.6	7.
June	-4.		-6.
PERCENT		ROM CORRESPOND EVIOUS YEAR	ING QUARIER
1998			
September	0.		-2.
December	-2.	2 1.5	-4.
1999			
March	-1.		-2.
June	-0.		-0.
September	0.		4.
December	7.	4 1.8	11.
2000			
March	13.		16.
June	16.		19.
September	18.		19.
December	17.	9 15.6	19.
2001			
March	10.		10.
June	11.		12.
September	5.	2 1.9	7.
December	-1.	4 -0.4	-2.
2002			
	0.	2 –3.1	2.
March	-3.	7 –8.9	-0.
March June		9 –3.7	-2.
	-2.	5 0.1	
June	-2. -0.		2.
June September December			2.
June September December		5 –4.8	2. 9.
June September December 2003	-0.	5 –4.8 0 –2.3	

— nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)



MATERIALS USED IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES(a): Subdivision & group

	Food.				Leather		Paper		
	beverages	Textiles	Knitting		and	Sawmilling	and	Printing	Petroleum
	and	and textile	mills and		leather	and timber	paper	and	and coal
	tobacco	products	clothing	Footwear	products	products	products	publishing	products
Period	(21)	(221,222)	(223,224)	(225)	(226)	(231,232)	(233)	(24)	(251,252)
			• • • • • • • • • •			• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •		
1999–2000	110.8	91.6	102.6	107.4	97.8	123.0	99.8	107.7	157.8
2000-01	121.0	102.3	106.5	120.3	107.2	132.8	110.0	116.5	217.7
2001–02	137.8	106.9	109.2	130.3	102.7	136.1	109.7	119.3	175.9
2002–03	136.0	110.3	107.6	130.6	100.3	130.0	104.8	116.9	188.3
1998									
September	110.5	97.5	107.4	111.7	94.0	122.3	102.7	109.2	95.3
December	109.6	94.0	107.7	110.9	96.3	120.8	97.3	108.2	94.9
1999									
March	111.5	93.0	106.3	110.5	93.9	117.9	96.2	107.8	84.6
June	110.2	91.4	104.0	107.9	89.9	118.2	94.1	107.3	102.8
September	108.7	89.1	102.5	101.5	89.0	119.1	94.2	107.4	126.9
December	110.8	89.2	101.5	105.2	96.4	121.9	98.2	106.7	148.0
2000									
March	111.6	91.3	102.8	111.1	101.3	123.4	101.0	106.9	164.5
June	112.2	96.8	103.7	111.7	104.3	127.7	105.6	109.6	191.6
September	116.8	98.7	102.9	112.1	103.4	129.0	107.1	112.2	205.9
December	118.3	100.7	107.0	120.1	106.9	131.7	110.3	116.7	240.5
2001									
March	120.8	102.9	106.3	122.6	108.4	133.1	111.0	117.9	204.3
June	128.0	106.7	109.7	126.3	109.9	137.4	111.6	119.2	220.1
September	135.7	105.2	109.5	127.8	102.1	136.5	110.1	118.6	197.7
December	138.8	104.2	110.5	132.0	107.1	137.1	111.5	118.8	168.8
2002									
March	139.9	108.8	109.1	129.3	98.7	135.7	109.4	120.1	156.8
June	136.7	109.3	107.6	131.9	103.0	135.2	107.8	119.8	180.4
September	128.6	109.1	108.2	130.3	99.7	131.5	106.4	118.8	189.0
December	135.8	112.1	108.3	130.1	103.9	130.1	104.5	116.9	184.5
2003									
March	140.2	111.8	107.7	130.8	99.2	129.9	102.9	116.9	207.9
June	139.5	108.2	106.2	131.1	98.2	128.3	105.5	115.1	171.9

(a) Reference base of each index: 1989-90 = 100.0.



MATERIALS USED IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES(a): Subdivision & group *continued*

			Non-				Electronic	
		Rubber	metallic	Basic	Fabricated	Transport	equipment	
		and	mineral	metal	metal	equipment	and other	Other
	Chemicals	plastics	products	products	products	and parts	machinery	manufacturing
Period	(253,254)	(255,256)	(26)	(271–273)	(274–276)	(281,282)	(283–286)	(29)
1999–2000	114.0	110.8	110.7	92.5	106.1	120.5	103.4	118.8
2000-01	126.3	123.9	111.5	101.7	111.7	125.2	108.0	125.6
2001-02	121.0	121.6	115.4	106.0	110.6	124.6	107.2	124.4
2002–03	118.3	123.5	123.1	104.6	111.0	124.8	107.5	124.0
1998								
September	115.9	113.2	111.9	95.0	108.2	117.0	105.1	117.2
December	111.4	111.1	111.7	92.8	107.8	116.3	104.4	115.3
1999								
March	109.4	109.6	111.1	90.3	105.3	116.6	103.2	114.5
June	108.8	106.3	110.3	88.6	103.5	117.2	102.0	114.1
September	107.9	106.4	110.6	86.4	104.6	118.1	102.1	115.1
December	112.3	108.1	110.9	92.1	106.1	120.5	102.3	117.6
2000								
March	114.2	112.2	110.7	94.7	106.0	120.4	103.6	119.9
June	121.5	116.4	110.7	96.7	107.8	122.9	105.6	122.4
September	122.5	119.6	111.1	97.6	109.7	123.1	106.1	123.4
December	124.8	122.4	110.8	102.3	111.9	125.3	107.9	126.3
2001								
March	126.9	125.4	111.5	101.7	112.0	125.2	108.1	125.7
June	130.8	128.2	112.5	105.2	113.1	127.2	109.8	126.9
September	122.3	124.8	112.1	106.0	111.3	124.6	107.3	125.2
December	123.4	122.9	112.7	105.3	110.3	125.0	107.3	125.5
2002								
March	120.0	120.5	117.5	106.4	110.7	124.5	107.1	123.5
June	118.4	118.3	119.4	106.4	109.9	124.2	106.9	123.3
September	119.3	122.3	119.8	105.8	110.4	124.9	107.5	124.3
December	118.6	123.4	122.7	104.8	110.5	125.4	107.4	124.2
2003								
March	117.9	122.8	123.2	106.0	112.0	125.3	107.9	124.3
June	117.3	125.6	126.7	101.8	111.1	123.5	107.1	123.1

(a) Reference base of each index: 1989-90 = 100.0.



OUTPUT OF THE GENERAL CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY(a): Subdivision index

Period	Index numbers	% change from previous period	% change from corresponding quarter of previous year
•••••		•••••	• • • • • • • • • •
1999–2000	104.9	4.9	
2000-01	106.1	1.1	
2001–02	107.9	1.7	
2002–03	112.7	4.4	
1998			
September	98.7	0.7	2.5
December	99.4	0.7	2.8
1999			
March	100.5	1.1	3.2
June	101.4	0.9	3.5
September	102.7	1.3	4.1
December	104.6	1.9	5.2
2000			
March	105.8	1.1	5.3
June	106.4	0.6	4.9
September	106.2	-0.2	3.4
December	106.3	0.1	1.6
2001			
March	106.2	-0.1	0.4
June	105.8	-0.4	-0.6
September	106.7	0.9	0.5
December	107.3	0.6	0.9
2002			
March	108.2	0.8	1.9
June	109.5	1.2	3.5
September	110.5	0.9	3.6
December	111.4	0.8	3.8
2003			
March	113.0	1.4	4.4
June	115.8	2.5	5.8
• • • • • • • • • • • • •			• • • • • • • • • •

. . not applicable

(a) Reference base of each index: 1998-99 = 100.0.

OUTPUT OF THE GENERAL CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY(a): Group and class indexes

			Residential			
			building	Non-residen	Non-	Road and
	Building	House	construction	tial building	building	bridge
	construction (411)	construction (4111)	n.e.c. (4112)	construction (4113)	construction (412)(b)	construction (4121)
Period	(411)	(4111)	(4112)	(4113)	(412)(0)	(4121)
• • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • •				•••••
1999–2000	105.0	107.2	104.7	103.3	103.7	103.7
2000–01	106.0	109.1	104.2	103.9	107.9	107.9
2001–02	107.8	112.0	105.1	105.1	109.7	109.7
2002–03	112.4	116.5	110.4	109.6	116.0	116.0
1998						
September	98.6	98.4	98.6	98.7	99.6	99.6
December	99.4	99.2	99.3	99.6	99.8	99.8
1999						
March	100.6	100.7	100.6	100.4	99.9	99.9
June	101.5	101.7	101.5	101.3	100.7	100.7
September	102.8	103.7	102.8	102.1	101.8	101.8
December	104.8	107.1	104.5	103.1	103.1	103.1
2000 March	105.0	100.0	105.2	103.7	104.4	104.4
June	105.9 106.5	108.8 109.3	105.2	103.7	104.4 105.5	104.4
September	106.5	109.3	105.2	104.3	105.5	105.5
December	106.1	108.0	105.2	104.2	107.1	107.1
2001	100.2	109.0	104.8	104.5	107.8	107.8
March	106.0	109.3	103.9	104.0	108.3	108.3
June	105.6	109.6	103.0	104.0	108.2	108.2
September	106.5	110.6	103.8	103.2	100.2	100.2
December	107.2	111.8	104.3	104.4	107.9	107.9
2002	101.2	111.0	10 1.0	10 11 1	10110	10110
March	108.1	112.3	105.6	105.5	109.5	109.5
June	109.2	113.4	106.8	106.5	112.1	112.1
September	110.2	114.3	108.2	107.6	113.6	113.6
December	111.0	115.2	108.8	108.1	115.3	115.3
2003						
March	112.7	117.0	110.4	109.8	116.8	116.8
June	115.5	119.3	114.1	112.8	118.4	118.4
• • • • • • • • • • •						

(a) Reference base of each index: 1998-99 = 100.0.

(b) ANZSIC class 4121 is the sole contributor to Non-building construction (412).

	average of six State	0.1		D : /			
Period	capital cities	Sydney	Melbourne	Brisbane	Adelaide	Perth	Hoba
• • • • • • • • • •	•••••	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •
L999–2000	122.8	126.8	121.7	120.8	127.2	117.7	123.
2000-01	124.4	130.0	123.1	120.6	129.6	118.8	126
2001–02	126.0	132.0	125.0	122.0	130.6	119.4	128
2002–03	130.5	137.2	128.4	127.6	135.7	123.0	133
L998							
September	119.4	120.8	118.6	118.4	124.4	116.1	122
December	119.7	121.8	118.1	118.6	125.2	116.3	122
1999							
March	119.5	122.0	117.7	118.4	125.1	116.0	122
June	119.2	121.8	117.4	117.5	125.2	115.9	121
September	120.5	123.7	119.2	118.3	125.5	116.9	122
December	121.5	124.4	120.5	119.9	126.0	117.1	122
2000							
March	123.8	128.0	122.9	122.1	127.5	118.1	124
June	125.5	131.2	124.2	122.9	129.7	118.7	126
September	124.5	130.0	123.2	121.2	129.8	118.3	125
December	124.4	129.8	123.4	120.6	129.7	119.0	125
2001							
March	124.2	129.8	122.8	120.4	129.4	118.9	126
June	124.4	130.2	123.1	120.2	129.5	119.1	127
September	124.7	130.5	124.3	120.2	128.4	118.9	127
December	125.2	131.4	124.4	120.7	130.1	118.9	127
2002							
March	126.1	132.2	124.7	122.9	130.9	119.0	128
June	127.8	134.0	126.4	124.3	133.1	120.9	129
September	128.8	134.7	127.0	126.1	134.5	121.8	131
December	130.1	136.7	128.1	127.2	135.2	122.8	132
2003							
March	130.9	138.0	128.7	127.5	136.2	123.4	134
June	132.1	139.5	129.6	129.6	136.8	123.9	135

(a) Reference base of each index: 1989-90 = 100.0.

MATERIALS USED IN HOUSE BUILDING: Percentage change

PERCENTAGE CHANGE FROM PREVIOUS YEAR 1999-2000 2.8 4.3 3.1 2.2 1.8 1.4 1.9 2000-01 1.3 2.5 1.2 -0.2 1.9 0.9 1.2 2001-02 1.3 1.5 1.5 1.2 0.8 0.5 1.2 2002-03 3.6 3.9 2.7 4.6 3.9 3.0 4 1998 September 0.3 0.1 0.5 0.4 0.2 0.2 0.2 1999 March -0.2 0.2 -0.3 -0.8 0.1 -0.1 -0.3 -0.2 100 -0.1 1.6 1.5 0.7 0.2 0.9 0.2 11.1 1.6 1.5 0.7 0.2 0.9 0.2 2000 March 1.9 2.9 2.0 1.8 1.2 0.9 1.1 1.4 2.5 1.1 0.7 1.7 0.5 2.0	Period	average of six State capital cities	Sydney	Melbourne	Brisbane	Adelaide	Perth	Hoba	
1999-2000 2.8 4.3 3.1 2.2 1.8 1.4 1.7 2001-02 1.3 2.5 1.2 -0.2 1.9 0.9 1.3 2002-03 3.6 3.9 2.7 4.6 3.9 3.0 4 2002-03 3.6 3.9 2.7 4.6 3.9 3.0 4 1980 September 0.3 0.1 0.5 0.4 0.2 0.6 0.2 -0.7 1990 -0.3 -0.2 -0.3 -0.2 -0.1 -0.3 -0.2 -0.2 -0.3 -0.2 0.2 -0.3 -0.2 0.2 -0.3 -0.2 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2	- 61100		Cydincy		Briddane		i orai		
2000-01 1.3 2.5 1.2 -0.2 1.9 0.9 1.2 2001-02 3.6 3.9 2.7 4.6 3.9 3.0 4 2002-03 3.6 3.9 2.7 4.6 3.9 3.0 4 2002-03 3.6 3.9 2.7 4.6 3.9 3.0 4 1998 September 0.3 0.1 0.5 0.4 0.2 0.2 0.2 1.0 1999 0 0.8 0.4 1.1 0.3 0.4 0.2 0.6 0.2 -0.1 0.3 0.6 0.6 1.1 1.4 0.4 0.2 0.2 0.6 0.1 1.4 0.4 0.2 0.2 0.5 0.2 0.2 0.5 0.2 0.2 0.5 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.2 <td< td=""><td></td><td>PERCE</td><td>NTAGE (</td><td>CHANGE FF</td><td>ROM PREV</td><td>IOUS YEAR</td><td></td><td></td></td<>		PERCE	NTAGE (CHANGE FF	ROM PREV	IOUS YEAR			
2001-02 1.3 1.5 1.5 1.2 0.8 0.5 2 2002-03 3.6 3.9 2.7 4.6 3.9 3.0 4 PERCENTAGE CHANGE FROM PREVIOUS QUARTER 1998 September 0.3 0.1 0.5 0.4 0.2 0.6 0.2 -0.1 Janeh -0.2 0.2 -0.3 -0.2 -0.3 -0.2 -0.3 -0.2 -0.3 -0.2 -0.3 -0.2 -0.3 -0.2 -0.3 -0.2 -0.3 -0.2 -0.3 -0.2 -0.3 -0.2 -0.3 -0.2 -0.3 -0.2 -0.3 -0.2 -0.3 -0.2 -0.2 -0.3 -0.2 -0.3 -0.2 -0.2 -0.3 -0.2 -0.3 -0.2 -0.3 -0.2 -0.3 -0.2 -0.3 -0.2 -0.3 -0.2 -0.3 -0.2 -0.3 -0.2 -0.3 -0.3 -0.3 -0.3 -0.3 -0.3								1.	
2002-03 3.6 3.9 2.7 4.6 3.9 3.0 4 PERCENTAGE CHANGE FROM PREVIOUS QUARTER ISSET CHANGE CHANGE FROM PREVIOUS QUARTER ISSET CHANGE CHANGE FROM OCCOUNT March -0.2 0.2 -0.3 -0.2 0.2 -0.3 June -0.3 -0.2 0.2 -0.1 -0.1 -0.2 0.2 0.8 0.1 -0.1 -0.2 0.2 0.9 0.0 June 1.4 2.5 1.1 0.7 1.7 0.5 0.2 2.0 1.8 1.2 0.9 0.1 0.3 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 -0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.0 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.1 <						1.9		1.	
PERCENTAGE CHANGE FROM PREVIOUS QUARTER 1998 September 0.3 0.1 0.5 0.4 0.2 0.6 0.2			1.5	1.5		0.8	0.5	1.	
PERCENTAGE CHANGE FROM PREVIOUS QUARTER September 0.3 0.4 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.0 IMarch -0.2 -0.1 -0.3 -0.1 -0.3 -0.1 -0.3 -0.1 -0.3 -0.1 -0.1 -0.1 -0.1 -0.2 -0.1 -0.2 -0.2 -0.2 -0.1 -0.6 -0.2 -0.1 -0.6 March -0.2 -0.1 -0.6 -0.2 -0.1 -0.6 March -0.2 -0.1 -0.6 March -0.2 -0.1 -0.6 March -0.2 -0.1 -0.6 -0.2 <th co<="" td=""><td>2002–03</td><td>3.6</td><td>3.9</td><td>2.7</td><td>4.6</td><td>3.9</td><td>3.0</td><td>4.</td></th>	<td>2002–03</td> <td>3.6</td> <td>3.9</td> <td>2.7</td> <td>4.6</td> <td>3.9</td> <td>3.0</td> <td>4.</td>	2002–03	3.6	3.9	2.7	4.6	3.9	3.0	4.
September 0.3 0.1 0.5 0.4 0.2 0.6 0.2 0.6 Dacember 0.3 0.8 -0.4 0.2 0.6 0.2 -0.5 March -0.2 0.2 -0.3 -0.2 -0.1 -0.3 -0.2 0.1 -0.3 -0.2 0.3 0.2 0.9 0.0 March -0.2 0.2 -0.3 -0.2 0.1 -0.3 -0.2 0.9 0.2 0.9 0.2 0.9 0.2 0.9 0.8 1.1 0.7 0.5 1.1 June 1.4 0.5 0.4 0.1 -0.3 -0.2 0.2									
December 0.3 0.8 -0.4 0.2 0.6 0.2 -0.5 Isp9 March -0.2 -0.3 -0.8 0.1 -0.1 -0.5 September 1.1 1.6 1.5 0.7 0.2 0.9 0.0 December 0.8 0.6 1.1 1.4 0.4 0.2 0.0 March 1.9 2.9 2.0 1.8 1.2 0.9 0.0 June 1.4 2.5 1.1 0.7 1.7 0.5 0.2 September -0.1 -0.2 0.2 -0.5 -0.1 0.6 0.0 June 0.2 0.2 1.0 - - 0.8 0.5 <td>1998</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	1998								
IS99 March -0.2 0.2 -0.3 -0.2 0.1 -0.3 -0.2 Spetember 1.1 1.6 1.5 0.7 0.2 0.9 0.0 December 0.8 0.6 1.1 1.6 1.5 0.7 0.2 0.9 0.0 March 1.9 2.9 2.0 1.8 1.2 0.9 1.1 June 1.4 2.5 1.1 0.7 1.7 0.5 1.3 Spetember -0.8 -0.9 -0.8 -1.4 0.1 -0.3 -0.2 December -0.1 -0.2 0.2 -0.2 -0.1 0.6 0.2 0.6 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.2 March 0.7 0.6 0.2 0.7 0.5 1.4 1.1 0.7 1.5 0.2	September	0.3	0.1	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.	
March -0.2 0.2 -0.3 -0.2 -0.1 -0.3 -0.2 June -0.3 -0.2 -0.3 -0.8 0.1 -0.1 -0.2 September 1.1 1.6 1.5 0.7 0.2 0.9 0.0 December 0.8 0.6 1.1 1.4 0.4 0.2 0.0 March 1.9 2.9 2.0 1.8 1.2 0.9 1.1 June 1.4 2.5 1.1 0.7 1.7 0.5 0.2 September -0.8 -0.9 -0.8 -1.4 0.1 -0.3 -0.2 Cool March -0.2 0.2 1.0 -0.8 0.2 0.0 June 0.2 0.2 1.0 -0.4 0.1 0.2 0.0 December 0.4 0.7 0.6 0.2 1.8 0.6 0.1 0.0 June 1.3 1.4 1.4	December	0.3	0.8	-0.4	0.2	0.6	0.2	-0.	
June -0.3 -0.2 -0.3 -0.8 0.1 -0.1 -0.5 September 0.8 0.6 1.1 1.4 0.4 0.2 0.0 Warch 1.9 2.9 2.0 1.8 1.2 0.9 0.1 June 1.4 2.5 1.1 0.7 1.7 0.5 1.1 December -0.1 -0.2 0.2 -0.5 -0.1 0.6 0.0 December -0.1 -0.2 0.2 -0.5 -0.2 0.1 0.2 0.2 March 0.2 0.3 0.2 -0.2 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.2	1999								
September 1.1 1.6 1.5 0.7 0.2 0.9 0.0 March 1.9 2.9 0.0 1.1 1.4 0.4 0.2 0.0 March 1.9 2.9 2.0 1.8 1.2 0.9 4 June 1.4 2.5 1.1 0.7 1.7 0.5 4 September -0.8 -0.9 -0.8 -1.4 0.1 -0.3 -0.0 December -0.1 -0.2 0.2 -0.2 -0.2 -0.1 0.6 0 September 0.2 0.2 1.0 - -0.8 -0.2 0.0 0.0 0.2 0.0 <td>March</td> <td>-0.2</td> <td>0.2</td> <td>-0.3</td> <td>-0.2</td> <td>-0.1</td> <td>-0.3</td> <td>-0.</td>	March	-0.2	0.2	-0.3	-0.2	-0.1	-0.3	-0.	
December 0.8 0.6 1.1 1.4 0.4 0.2 0 March 1.9 2.9 2.0 1.8 1.2 0.9 1.3 June 1.4 2.5 1.1 0.7 1.7 0.5 1 December -0.1 -0.2 0.2 -0.5 -0.1 0.6 C December 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.2 March 0.2 0.3 0.2 -0.2 0.1 0.2 0.2 December 0.4 0.7 0.1 0.4 1.3 -0.2 0.2 March 0.7 0.6 0.2 1.8 0.6 0.1 0.2 0.8 0.1 0.2 0.8 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.6 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.6 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.6 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.6 0.1 0.3 0.4 0.4 0.4	June	-0.3	-0.2	-0.3	-0.8	0.1	-0.1	-0.	
Barch 1.9 2.9 2.0 1.8 1.2 0.9 1 June 1.4 2.5 1.1 0.7 1.7 0.5 1 September -0.8 -0.9 -0.8 -1.4 0.1 -0.3 -C December -0.1 -0.2 0.2 -0.5 -0.1 0.6 C March -0.2 -0.2 -0.2 -0.2 0.1 0.2 0.2 C June 0.2 0.2 1.0 - -0.8 -0.2 C C Due 0.2 0.2 1.0 - -0.8 -0.2 C	September	1.1	1.6	1.5	0.7	0.2	0.9	0.	
Barch 1.9 2.9 2.0 1.8 1.2 0.9 1 June 1.4 2.5 1.1 0.7 1.7 0.5 1 September -0.8 -0.9 -0.8 -1.4 0.1 -0.3 -C December -0.1 -0.2 0.2 -0.5 -0.1 0.6 C March -0.2 -0.2 -0.2 -0.2 0.1 0.2 0.2 C June 0.2 0.2 1.0 - -0.8 -0.2 C C Due 0.2 0.2 1.0 - -0.8 -0.2 C	December	0.8	0.6	1.1	1.4	0.4	0.2	0.	
March 1.9 2.9 2.0 1.8 1.2 0.9 1.4 June 1.4 2.5 1.1 0.7 1.7 0.5 1.7 September -0.8 -1.4 0.1 -0.3 -0.5 -0.1 0.6 0.7 December -0.1 -0.2 0.2 -0.5 -0.1 0.6 0.7 March -0.2 0.3 0.2 -0.2 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4						-		-	
June 1.4 2.5 1.1 0.7 1.7 0.5 1.5 September -0.8 -0.9 -0.8 -1.4 0.1 -0.3 -0.7 December -0.1 -0.2 0.2 -0.5 -0.1 0.6 0 March -0.2 -0.2 -0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.2 June 0.2 0.2 1.0 - -0.8 -0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.4 0.7 0.4 1.3 - 0 0 December 0.4 0.7 0.6 0.2 1.8 0.6 0.1 0 <		1.9	2.9	2.0	1.8	1.2	0.9	1.	
September -0.8 -0.9 -0.8 -1.4 0.1 -0.3 -0.2 December -0.1 -0.2 0.2 -0.5 -0.1 0.6 C March -0.2 0.3 0.2 -0.2 0.1 0.2 0.0 June 0.2 0.2 1.0 - -0.8 -0.2 C December 0.4 0.7 0.1 0.4 1.3 - C 2002 - -0.8 -0.2 C March 0.7 0.6 0.2 1.8 0.6 0.1 C December 1.0 1.5 0.9 0.9 0.5 0.8 C December 1.0 1.5 0.9 0.9 0.5 0.8 C December 1.0 0.5 0.2 0.7 0.5 1 March 0.6 1.0 0.5 0.2 0.7 0.5 De								1	
December -0.1 -0.2 0.2 -0.5 -0.1 0.6 0 March -0.2 -0.2 -0.2 -0.1 0.2 0.3 June 0.2 0.3 0.2 -0.2 0.1 0.2 0.2 September 0.4 0.7 0.1 0.4 1.3 - 00 March 0.7 0.6 0.2 1.8 0.6 0.1 0 June 1.3 1.4 1.4 1.1 1.7 1.6 1 September 0.8 0.5 0.5 1.4 1.1 0.7 1.6 0.4 Oto 1.5 0.9 0.9 0.5 0.8 0 0 Oto 1.0 0.5 0.2 0.7 0.5 1 0 Oto 1.0 0.5 0.2 0.7 0.5 1 June 0.9 1.1 0.7 1.6 0.4 0									
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December 0.6 1.2 0.8 0.1 0.3 -0.1 1 March 1.5 1.8 1.5 2.1 1.2 0.1 1 June 2.7 2.9 2.7 3.4 2.8 1.5 2.4 September 3.3 3.2 2.2 4.9 4.8 2.4 3.3 December 3.9 4.0 3.0 5.4 3.9 3.3 3.2 March 3.8 4.4 3.2 3.7 4.0 3.7 4.0	March		N 0	-0.9					
March 1.5 1.8 1.5 2.1 1.2 0.1 1 June 2.7 2.9 2.7 3.4 2.8 1.5 2 September 3.3 3.2 2.2 4.9 4.8 2.4 3 December 3.9 4.0 3.0 5.4 3.9 3.3 3 March 3.8 4.4 3.2 3.7 4.0 3.7 4	March June	-0.9		0.0	-0.8				
March 1.5 1.8 1.5 2.1 1.2 0.1 1 June 2.7 2.9 2.7 3.4 2.8 1.5 2 September 3.3 3.2 2.2 4.9 4.8 2.4 3 December 3.9 4.0 3.0 5.4 3.9 3.3 3 2003 March 3.8 4.4 3.2 3.7 4.0 3.7 4	March June September	-0.9 0.2	0.4		0.1			1	
June 2.7 2.9 2.7 3.4 2.8 1.5 2 September 3.3 3.2 2.2 4.9 4.8 2.4 3 December 3.9 4.0 3.0 5.4 3.9 3.3 3 2003 March 3.8 4.4 3.2 3.7 4.0 3.7 4	March June September December	-0.9 0.2	0.4		0.1	0.3	-0.1		
September 3.3 3.2 2.2 4.9 4.8 2.4 3.9 December 3.9 4.0 3.0 5.4 3.9 3.3 3.3 2003 March 3.8 4.4 3.2 3.7 4.0 3.7 4.0	March June September December	-0.9 0.2 0.6	0.4 1.2	0.8					
December 3.9 4.0 3.0 5.4 3.9 3.3 3.0 OO3 March 3.8 4.4 3.2 3.7 4.0 3.7 4.0	March June September December 2002 March	-0.9 0.2 0.6 1.5	0.4 1.2 1.8	0.8 1.5	2.1	1.2	0.1	1	
2003 March 3.8 4.4 3.2 3.7 4.0 3.7 4	March June September December 2002 March June	-0.9 0.2 0.6 1.5 2.7	0.4 1.2 1.8 2.9	0.8 1.5 2.7	2.1 3.4	1.2 2.8	0.1 1.5	1 2	
March 3.8 4.4 3.2 3.7 4.0 3.7 4	March June September December 2002 March June September	-0.9 0.2 0.6 1.5 2.7 3.3	0.4 1.2 1.8 2.9 3.2	0.8 1.5 2.7 2.2	2.1 3.4 4.9	1.2 2.8 4.8	0.1 1.5 2.4	1. 2. 3.	
	March June September December 2002 March June September December	-0.9 0.2 0.6 1.5 2.7 3.3	0.4 1.2 1.8 2.9 3.2	0.8 1.5 2.7 2.2	2.1 3.4 4.9	1.2 2.8 4.8	0.1 1.5 2.4	1 2 3	
June 3.4 4.1 2.5 4.3 2.8 2.5 4	March June September December 2002 March June September December	-0.9 0.2 0.6 1.5 2.7 3.3	0.4 1.2 1.8 2.9 3.2	0.8 1.5 2.7 2.2	2.1 3.4 4.9	1.2 2.8 4.8	0.1 1.5 2.4	1. 2. 3.	
	March June September December 2002 March June September December 2003	-0.9 0.2 0.6 1.5 2.7 3.3 3.9	0.4 1.2 1.8 2.9 3.2 4.0	0.8 1.5 2.7 2.2 3.0	2.1 3.4 4.9 5.4	1.2 2.8 4.8 3.9	0.1 1.5 2.4 3.3	1. 2. 3. 3. 4.	

	Weighted average of six State						
Period	capital cities	Sydney	Melbourne	Brisbane	Adelaide	Perth	Hobart
• • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •				• • • • • • •
1999–2000	116.1	116.0	114.4	119.3	116.1	115.4	119.0
2000-01	116.4	116.1	115.4	119.1	116.8	115.6	119.3
2001–02	118.6	118.2	117.8	120.8	118.8	117.7	121.3
2002–03	123.6	123.0	122.7	126.9	123.5	122.8	124.2
1998							
September	114.8	115.0	112.4	117.8	115.3	114.2	118.4
December	115.2	115.1	113.2	118.7	115.6	114.2	118.6
1999							
March	115.2	115.2	113.3	118.6	115.6	113.9	118.5
June	115.4	115.4	113.7	118.6	115.6	114.1	118.3
September	115.2	115.1	113.4	118.9	115.2	114.4	118.5
December	115.4	115.3	113.8	118.9	115.4	115.0	118.4
2000							
March	116.4	116.4	114.5	119.5	116.3	115.8	119.2
June	117.4	117.3	116.0	120.0	117.6	116.5	119.7
September	115.5	115.4	114.0	118.7	116.0	114.0	117.9
December	116.3	115.7	115.3	119.1	116.8	115.6	119.1
2001							
March	116.7	116.4	115.7	119.2	116.8	116.0	120.2
June	117.2	116.7	116.4	119.3	117.4	116.8	120.1
September	117.5	117.1	116.8	120.0	117.2	116.6	120.3
December	118.1	117.7	117.3	120.1	118.3	117.3	120.5
2002							
March	118.4	117.9	117.6	120.7	119.0	117.3	121.6
June	120.3	120.0	119.3	122.5	120.7	119.7	122.8
September	121.6	121.0	120.8	125.1	121.8	120.3	123.5
December	122.8	122.1	121.8	126.1	123.3	122.4	123.7
2003							
March	124.1	123.5	123.4	127.4	123.8	123.6	124.2
June	125.7	125.3	124.8	128.8	125.1	125.0	125.4
• • • • • • • • • • •							

(a) Reference base of each index: 1989-90 = 100.0.

MATERIALS USED IN BUILDING OTHER THAN HOUSE BUILDING: Percentage change

Period	Weighted average of six State capital cities	Sydney	Melbourne	Brisbane	Adelaide	Perth	Hobar
erioa		Syuriey	• • • • • • • • • • •				
	PERCE	NTAGE (CHANGE FF	ROM PREV	IOUS YEAR		
1999–2000	0.8	0.7	1.1	0.8	0.5	1.1	0.4
2000-01	0.3	0.1	0.9	-0.2	0.6	0.2	0.:
2001–02 2002–03	1.9 4.2	1.8 4.1	2.1 4.2	1.4 5.0	1.7 4.0	1.8 4.3	1. 2.
	PERCEN	TAGE CH	ANGE FRO	M PREVIO	US QUARTI	ER	
1998 September	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.4	-0.3	_	0.3
December	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.4	0.3	_	0.
1999	0.5	0.1	0.7	0.8	0.5	_	0.
March	_	0.1	0.1	-0.1	_	-0.3	-0.
June	0.2	0.2	0.4		_	0.2	-0.
September	-0.2	-0.3	-0.3	0.3	-0.3	0.3	0.:
December	0.2	0.2	0.4		0.2	0.5	-0.1
2000							
March	0.9	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.8	0.7	0.
June	0.9	0.8	1.3	0.4	1.1	0.6	0.
September	-1.6	-1.6	-1.7	-1.1	-1.4	-2.1	-1.
December	0.7	0.3	1.1	0.3	0.7	1.4	1.
2001							
March	0.3	0.6	0.3	0.1	—	0.3	0.
June	0.4	0.3	0.6	0.1	0.5	0.7	-0.
September	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.6	-0.2	-0.2	0.
December	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.9	0.6	0.
2002							
March	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.6	—	0.
June	1.6	1.8	1.4	1.5	1.4	2.0	1.
September	1.1	0.8	1.3	2.1	0.9	0.5	0.
December	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	1.2	1.7	0.
2003							
March	1.1 1.3	1.1	1.3 1.1	1.0	0.4 1.1	1.0 1.1	0.
June	1.3	1.5	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.
PERCENTA	GE CHANGE	FROM C	ORRESPON	NDING QU	ARTER OF	PREVIOUS	S YEAR
1998							
September	0.7	0.7	1.1	0.3	0.4	-1.0	1.
December	1.1	0.8	1.7	1.5	0.4	-0.5	1.
1999							
March	1.0	0.7	1.7	1.4	0.5	-0.3	0.
June	0.8	0.5	1.7	1.1	_	-0.1	0.
September	0.3	0.1	0.9	0.9	-0.1	0.2	0.
December 2000	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.2	-0.2	0.7	-0.
							0.
	1.0	1.0	1 1	0.0	0.6	1 7	
March	1.0	1.0	1.1	0.8	0.6	1.7	
March June	1.7	1.6	2.0	1.2	1.7	2.1	1.
March June September	1.7 0.3	1.6 0.3	2.0 0.5	1.2 -0.2	1.7 0.7	2.1 -0.3	1. -0.
March June September December	1.7	1.6	2.0	1.2	1.7	2.1	1.
March June September December 2001	1.7 0.3 0.8	1.6 0.3 0.3	2.0 0.5 1.3	1.2 -0.2 0.2	1.7 0.7 1.2	2.1 -0.3 0.5	1. -0. 0.
March June September December 2001 March	1.7 0.3 0.8 0.3	1.6 0.3 0.3	2.0 0.5 1.3 1.0	1.2 -0.2 0.2 -0.3	1.7 0.7 1.2 0.4	2.1 -0.3 0.5 0.2	1. -0. 0.
March June September December 2001 March June	1.7 0.3 0.8 0.3 -0.2	1.6 0.3 0.3 -0.5	2.0 0.5 1.3 1.0 0.3	1.2 -0.2 0.2 -0.3 -0.6	1.7 0.7 1.2 0.4 -0.2	2.1 -0.3 0.5 0.2 0.3	1. 0. 0. 0.
March June September December 2001 March	1.7 0.3 0.8 -0.2 1.7	1.6 0.3 0.3 -0.5 1.5	2.0 0.5 1.3 1.0 0.3 2.5	1.2 -0.2 0.2 -0.3 -0.6 1.1	1.7 0.7 1.2 0.4 -0.2 1.0	2.1 -0.3 0.5 0.2 0.3 2.3	1. -0. 0. 0. 2.
March June September December 2001 March June September December	1.7 0.3 0.8 0.3 -0.2	1.6 0.3 0.3 -0.5	2.0 0.5 1.3 1.0 0.3	1.2 -0.2 0.2 -0.3 -0.6	1.7 0.7 1.2 0.4 -0.2	2.1 -0.3 0.5 0.2 0.3	1. -0. 0. 0. 2.
March June September December 2001 March June September December	1.7 0.3 0.8 -0.2 1.7	1.6 0.3 0.3 -0.5 1.5	2.0 0.5 1.3 1.0 0.3 2.5	1.2 -0.2 0.2 -0.3 -0.6 1.1	1.7 0.7 1.2 0.4 -0.2 1.0	2.1 -0.3 0.5 0.2 0.3 2.3	1. -0. 0. 0. 2. 1.
March June September December 2001 March June September December 2002	1.7 0.3 0.8 0.3 -0.2 1.7 1.5	1.6 0.3 0.3 	2.0 0.5 1.3 1.0 0.3 2.5 1.7	1.2 -0.2 0.2 -0.3 -0.6 1.1 0.8	1.7 0.7 1.2 0.4 -0.2 1.0 1.3	2.1 -0.3 0.5 0.2 0.3 2.3 1.5	1. -0. 0. 0. 0. 2. 1. 1.
March June September December 2001 March June September December 2002 March	1.7 0.3 0.8 0.3 -0.2 1.7 1.5 1.5	1.6 0.3 0.3 -0.5 1.5 1.7 1.3	2.0 0.5 1.3 1.0 0.3 2.5 1.7 1.6	1.2 -0.2 0.2 -0.3 -0.6 1.1 0.8 1.3	1.7 0.7 1.2 0.4 -0.2 1.0 1.3 1.9	2.1 -0.3 0.5 0.2 0.3 2.3 1.5 1.1	1. -0. 0. 2. 1. 1. 2.
March June September December 2001 March June September December 2002 March June	$ \begin{array}{r} 1.7\\ 0.3\\ 0.8\\ 0.3\\ -0.2\\ 1.7\\ 1.5\\ 1.5\\ 2.6\\ \end{array} $	1.6 0.3 0.3 -0.5 1.5 1.7 1.3 2.8	2.0 0.5 1.3 1.0 0.3 2.5 1.7 1.6 2.5	1.2 -0.2 0.2 -0.3 -0.6 1.1 0.8 1.3 2.7	1.7 0.7 1.2 0.4 -0.2 1.0 1.3 1.9 2.8	$2.1 \\ -0.3 \\ 0.5 \\ 0.2 \\ 0.3 \\ 2.3 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.1 \\ 2.5 \\ $	1. -0. 0. 0. 2. 1. 1. 2. 2.
March June September December 2001 March June September 2002 March June September	$ \begin{array}{c} 1.7\\ 0.3\\ 0.8\\ \end{array} $ 0.3 -0.2 1.7 1.5 1.5 2.6 3.5 \end{array}	1.6 0.3 -0.5 1.5 1.7 1.3 2.8 3.3	2.0 0.5 1.3 1.0 0.3 2.5 1.7 1.6 2.5 3.4	$ \begin{array}{c} 1.2 \\ -0.2 \\ 0.2 \\ -0.3 \\ -0.6 \\ 1.1 \\ 0.8 \\ 1.3 \\ 2.7 \\ 4.3 \\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 1.7\\ 0.7\\ 1.2\\ 0.4\\ -0.2\\ 1.0\\ 1.3\\ 1.9\\ 2.8\\ 3.9\\ \end{array} $	2.1 -0.3 0.5 0.2 0.3 2.3 1.5 1.1 2.5 3.2	1. -0. 0. 2. 1. 1. 2. 2.
March June September December 2001 March June September December September December	$ \begin{array}{c} 1.7\\ 0.3\\ 0.8\\ \end{array} $ 0.3 -0.2 1.7 1.5 1.5 2.6 3.5 \end{array}	1.6 0.3 -0.5 1.5 1.7 1.3 2.8 3.3	2.0 0.5 1.3 1.0 0.3 2.5 1.7 1.6 2.5 3.4	$ \begin{array}{c} 1.2 \\ -0.2 \\ 0.2 \\ -0.3 \\ -0.6 \\ 1.1 \\ 0.8 \\ 1.3 \\ 2.7 \\ 4.3 \\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 1.7\\ 0.7\\ 1.2\\ 0.4\\ -0.2\\ 1.0\\ 1.3\\ 1.9\\ 2.8\\ 3.9\\ \end{array} $	2.1 -0.3 0.5 0.2 0.3 2.3 1.5 1.1 2.5 3.2	1. -0. 0. 0. 2. 1. 1. 2. 2. 2.
March June September December 2001 March June September 2002 March June September December December 2003	$ \begin{array}{c} 1.7\\ 0.3\\ 0.8\\ \end{array} $ 0.3 -0.2 1.7 1.5 1.5 2.6 3.5 4.0	$ \begin{array}{c} 1.6\\ 0.3\\\\ -0.5\\ 1.5\\ 1.7\\ 1.3\\ 2.8\\ 3.3\\ 3.7\\ \end{array} $	2.0 0.5 1.3 1.0 0.3 2.5 1.7 1.6 2.5 3.4 3.8	$ \begin{array}{c} 1.2 \\ -0.2 \\ 0.2 \\ -0.3 \\ -0.6 \\ 1.1 \\ 0.8 \\ 1.3 \\ 2.7 \\ 4.3 \\ 5.0 \\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 1.7\\ 0.7\\ 1.2\\ 0.4\\ -0.2\\ 1.0\\ 1.3\\ 1.9\\ 2.8\\ 3.9\\ 4.2\\ \end{array} $	$2.1 \\ -0.3 \\ 0.5 \\ 0.2 \\ 0.3 \\ 2.3 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.1 \\ 2.5 \\ 3.2 \\ 4.3 \\ $	1. -0. 0.



MATERIALS USED IN COAL MINING(a)

	OPEN CUT MINING			UNDERGROUND MINING		
Period	Index numbers	% change from previous period	% change from corresponding quarter of previous year	Index numbers	% change from previous period	% change from corresponding quarter of previous year
1999–2000	122.2	8.0		118.3	-0.4	
2000–01	128.9	5.5		122.9	3.9	
2001-02	129.6	0.5		127.5	3.7	
2002–03	134.3	3.6		129.9	1.9	
1998						
September	113.3	1.4	-1.0	119.0	1.6	1.9
December	113.1	-0.2	-2.3	118.7	-0.3	1.6
1999						
March	112.3	-0.7	-3.6	118.7	_	1.2
June	114.0	1.5	2.1	118.6	-0.1	1.3
September	114.8	0.7	1.3	117.4	-1.0	-1.3
December	120.8	5.2	6.8	117.5	0.1	-1.0
2000						
March	124.9	3.4	11.2	118.3	0.7	-0.3
June	128.3	2.7	12.5	119.9	1.4	1.:
September	125.7	-2.0	9.5	119.8	-0.1	2.
December	132.5	5.4	9.7	121.1	1.1	3.
2001						
March	126.8	-4.3	1.5	123.5	2.0	4.4
June	130.4	2.8	1.6	127.2	3.0	6.:
September	131.4	0.8	4.5	127.4	0.2	6.3
December	130.3	-0.8	-1.7	128.5	0.9	6.3
2002						
March	127.4	-2.2	0.5	127.8	-0.5	3.5
June	129.1	1.3	-1.0	126.3	-1.2	-0.
September	133.4	3.3	1.5	130.4	3.2	2.4
December	134.9	1.1	3.5	129.6	-0.6	0.9
2003						
March	134.4	-0.4	5.5	129.3	-0.2	1.:
June	134.3	-0.1	4.0	130.1	0.6	3.0

. . not applicable

(a) Reference base of each index: 1989-90 = 100.0.

— nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)

TRANSPORT (FREIGHT) & STORAGE INDUSTRIES(a): **Division index**

December 99.5 -0.5 2000 5 2000 100.4 0.9 0.1 1.6 June 101.2 0.8 1.6 5 5 1.7 December 102.1 0.9 2.6 2001 1.7 December 102.1 0.9 2.6 2001 2.6 2001 103.2 2.0 2.6 2.0 2.6 2.0 2.6 2.0 2.6 2.0 2.6 2.0 2.6 2.0 <th>Period</th> <th>Index numbers</th> <th>% change from previous period</th> <th>% change from corresponding quarter of previous year</th>	Period	Index numbers	% change from previous period	% change from corresponding quarter of previous year
2000-01 102.3 2.1 2001-02 103.2 0.9 2002-03 105.2 1.9 1998	1999-2000	100.2	0.2	
2001-02 103.2 0.9 2002-03 105.2 1.9 1998 September 100.1 na na December 100.0 -0.1 na 1999 March 100.3 0.3 na June 99.6 -0.7 na September 99.5 -0.1 -0.6 December 99.5 -0.5 2000 March 100.4 0.9 0.1 June 101.2 0.8 1.6 September 101.2 1.7 December 102.1 0.9 2.6 2001 March 102.8 0.7 2.4 June 103.2 2.0 September 103.3 0.1 1.2				
2002-03 105.2 1.9 1998 1998 September 100.1 na na December 100.0 -0.1 na 1999 1999 March 100.3 0.3 na June 99.6 -0.7 na September 99.5 -0.1 -0.6 December 99.5 -0.5 2000 March 100.4 0.9 0.1 June 101.2 0.8 1.6 September 101.2 - 1.7 December 102.1 0.9 2.6 2001 2.6 March 102.8 0.7 2.4 June 103.2 - 2.0 September 103.3 0.1 1.2 March 103.3 0.1 1.2 December 103.3 0.1 1.2 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
September 100.1 na na December 100.0 -0.1 na 1999 March 100.3 0.3 na June 99.6 -0.7 na September 99.5 -0.1 -0.6 December 99.5 -0.1 -0.6 December 99.5 - -0.5 2000 0 10 March 100.4 0.9 0.1 June 101.2 0.8 1.6 September 101.2 - 1.7 December 102.1 0.9 2.6 2001 - 2.6 March 102.8 0.7 2.4 June 103.2 - 2.0 September 103.2 - 2.0 December 103.3 0.1 1.2 2002 - 2.0 March 103.0 -0.3 0.2 <				
September 100.1 na na December 100.0 -0.1 na 1999 March 100.3 0.3 na June 99.6 -0.7 na September 99.5 -0.1 -0.6 December 99.5 -0.1 -0.6 December 99.5 - -0.5 2000 0 10 March 100.4 0.9 0.1 June 101.2 0.8 1.6 September 101.2 - 1.7 December 102.1 0.9 2.6 2001 - 2.6 March 102.8 0.7 2.4 June 103.2 - 2.0 September 103.2 - 2.0 December 103.3 0.1 1.2 2002 - 2.0 March 103.0 -0.3 0.2 <	1009			
December 100.0 -0.1 na 1999 March 100.3 0.3 na June 99.6 -0.7 na September 99.5 -0.1 -0.6 December 99.5 -0.1 -0.6 December 99.5 -0.1 -0.6 December 99.5 - -0.5 2000 - -0.5 March 100.4 0.9 0.1 June 101.2 0.8 1.6 September 101.2 - 1.7 December 102.1 0.9 2.6 2001 - 2.6 March 102.8 0.7 2.4 June 103.2 - 2.0 September 103.3 0.1 1.2 Z002 2.0 2.0 March 103.0 -0.3 0.2		100 1	na	na
1999 March 100.3 0.3 na June 99.6 -0.7 na September 99.5 -0.1 -0.6 December 99.5 - -0.5 2000 - -0.5 March 100.4 0.9 0.1 June 101.2 0.8 1.6 September 101.2 - 1.7 December 102.1 0.9 2.6 2001 - - March 102.8 0.7 2.4 June 103.2 0.4 2.0 September 103.3 0.1 1.2 March 103.3 0.1 1.2 2002 - - 3.0.2				
March 100.3 0.3 na June 99.6 -0.7 na September 99.5 -0.1 -0.6 December 99.5 - -0.5 2000 March 100.4 0.9 0.1 June 101.2 0.8 1.6 September 101.2 - 1.7 December 102.1 0.9 2.6 2001 March 102.8 0.7 2.4 June 103.2 0.4 2.0 September 103.2 2.0 December 103.3 0.1 1.2 200 2001 2000 2.0 March 102.8 0.7 2.4 2.0 2.		100.0	-0.1	na
June 99.6 -0.7 na September 99.5 -0.1 -0.6 December 99.5 - -0.5 2000 March 100.4 0.9 0.1 June 101.2 0.8 1.6 September 102.1 0.9 2.6 2001 March 102.8 0.7 2.4 June 103.2 0.4 2.0 September 103.2 - 2.0 December 103.3 0.1 1.2 March 102.8 0.7 2.4 June 103.2 - 2.0 September 103.3 0.1 1.2 Z002 March 103.0 -0.3 0.2		100.3	0.3	na
September 99.5 -0.1 -0.6 December 99.5 - -0.5 2000 March 100.4 0.9 0.1 June 101.2 0.8 1.6 September 101.2 - 1.7 December 102.1 0.9 2.6 2001 March 102.8 0.7 2.4 June 103.2 0.4 2.0 September 103.2 - 2.0 December 103.3 0.1 1.2 March 103.3 0.2 0.4 2.0 September 103.3 0.1 1.2 March 103.3 0.1 1.2 2002 March 103.0 -0.3 0.2				
December 99.5 -0.5 2000 March 100.4 0.9 0.1 June 101.2 0.8 1.6 September 102.1 0.9 2.6 2001 0.9 2.6 2001 March 102.8 0.7 2.4 June 103.2 0.4 2.0 September 103.2 - 2.0 December 103.3 0.1 1.2 March 103.3 0.1 1.2 March 103.3 0.1 0.2 March 103.3 0.1 1.2				-0.6
March 100.4 0.9 0.1 June 101.2 0.8 1.6 September 101.2 - 1.7 December 102.1 0.9 2.6 2001 March 102.8 0.7 2.4 June 103.2 0.4 2.0 September 103.2 - 2.0 December 103.3 0.1 1.2 2002 March 103.0 -0.3 0.2		99.5	_	-0.5
June 101.2 0.8 1.6 September 101.2 - 1.7 December 102.1 0.9 2.6 2001 Value 103.2 0.4 2.0 September 103.2 - 2.0 December 103.2 - 2.0 September 103.3 0.1 1.2 2002 March 103.0 -0.3 0.2	2000			
September 101.2 - 1.7 December 102.1 0.9 2.6 2001 - - 1.7 March 102.1 0.9 2.6 June 103.2 0.4 2.0 September 103.2 - 2.0 December 103.3 0.1 1.2 2002 March 103.0 -0.3 0.2	March	100.4	0.9	0.1
December 102.1 0.9 2.6 2001 March 102.8 0.7 2.4 June 103.2 0.4 2.0 September 103.2 - 2.0 December 103.3 0.1 1.2 2002 March 103.0 -0.3 0.2	June	101.2	0.8	1.6
2001 Narch 102.8 0.7 2.4 June 103.2 0.4 2.0 September 103.2 — 2.0 December 103.3 0.1 1.2 2002	September	101.2	_	1.7
March 102.8 0.7 2.4 June 103.2 0.4 2.0 September 103.2 - 2.0 December 103.3 0.1 1.2 2002 March 103.0 -0.3 0.2	December	102.1	0.9	2.6
June 103.2 0.4 2.0 September 103.2 — 2.0 December 103.3 0.1 1.2 2002 March 103.0 -0.3 0.2	2001			
September 103.2 - 2.0 December 103.3 0.1 1.2 2002 - - - - 0.2 March 103.0 -0.3 0.2	March	102.8	0.7	2.4
December 103.3 0.1 1.2 2002 March 103.0 -0.3 0.2	June	103.2	0.4	2.0
2002 March 103.0 -0.3 0.2	September	103.2	_	2.0
March 103.0 –0.3 0.2		103.3	0.1	1.2
				0.2
	June	103.3	0.3	0.1
				0.3
		104.9	1.4	1.5
2003		105.0		
				2.8
June 106.3 0.4 2.9	June	106.3	0.4	2.9

. . not applicable

na not available

— nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)

(a) Reference base of each index: 1998-99 = 100.0.



OUTPUT OF THE TRANSPORT (FREIGHT) & STORAGE INDUSTRIES(a): Subdivision indexes

Air and space Services to Road transport Rail transport Water transport transport Other transport transport Storage (64) (65) (66) (61)(62) (63) (67)Period 1999-2000 101.0 94.4 103.8 99.1 97.2 100.9 na 2000-01 95.3 103.1 109.8 102.7 101.8 97.2 102.1 2001-02 105.0 94.9 109.4 103.5 102.9 97.0 102.2 2002-03 106.3 103.4 103.3 107.3 94.8 111.4 100.2 1998 103.3 99.4 101.8 99.2 100.2 99.5 September na December 99.7 99.8 100.4 100.2 na 100.3 100.3 1999 March 100.5 99.5 99.4 102.3 99.7 100.1 na 98.3 June 100.4 97.4 98.3 99.9 100.1 na September 100.5 95.9 99.7 98.2 na 97.2 100.3 December 100.7 93.6 102.1 96.7 97.2 100.4 na 2000 March 100.9 94.2 104.7 100.5 na 97.2 101.3 93.9 108.6 101.8 101.1 97.0 101.7 June na September 101.6 93.7 108.8 101.8 101.2 97.2 101.8 December 102.7 95.7 108.8 103.3 101.2 97.5 101.7 2001 103.8 95.7 110.3 102.9 102.4 97.1 102.4 March 104.2 102.5 June 96.2 111.4 102.8 96 9 102.5 September 104.5 95.2 111.1 103.2 102.6 96.8 102.7 104.8 96.1 109.5 103.1 102.6 97.0 102.6 December 2002 March 105.2 94.1 108.2 103.3 103.2 97.0 101.5 June 105.3 94.0 108.6 104.4 103.3 97.3 102.1 105.4 94.7 106.7 104.5 101.3 100.2 102.2 September 93.6 107.2 December 106.6 113.8 101.3 100.6 102.3 2003 108.1 95.6 106.7 113.2 105.2 99.8 104.4 March June 109.2 95.4 104.6 114.2 105.9 100.0 104.4

na not available

(a) Reference base of each index: 1998-99 = 100.0.

PROPERTY & BUSINESS SERVICES INDUSTRIES(a): **Division index**

Period	Index numbers	% change from previous period	% change from corresponding quarter of previous year
• • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	•••••
1999–2000	103.6	3.6	
2000-01	107.5	3.8	
2001-02	110.6	2.9	
2002–03	113.5	2.6	
1998			
September	98.9	na	na
December	99.7	0.8	na
1999			
March	100.1	0.4	na
June	101.3	1.2	na
September	102.3	1.0	3.4
December	103.3	1.0	3.6
2000			
March	104.0	0.7	3.9
June	104.7	0.7	3.4
September	106.0	1.2	3.6
December	107.3	1.2	3.9
2001			
March	108.2	0.8	4.0
June	108.6	0.4	3.7
September	109.7	1.0	3.5
December	110.3	0.5	2.8
2002			
March	110.9	0.5	2.5
June	111.4	0.5	2.6
September	112.3	0.8	2.4
December	113.1	0.7	2.5
2003			
March	114.0	0.8	2.8
June	114.5	0.4	2.8

. . not applicable

na not available

(a) Reference base of each index: 1998-99 = 100.0.



PROPERTY & BUSINESS SERVICES INDUSTRIES(a): Subdivision & group indexes

		Duranter		Machinery				
	Property	Property operators and	Real estate	equipment hiring and	Business	Scientific	Technical	Compute
	services	developers	agents	leasing	services	research	services	service
Period	(77)	(771)	(772)	(774)	(78)	(781)	(782)	(783
renou		(,,,,,)	(112)	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(10)	(101)	(102)	(100)
1000 0000	400.0	100.0	400.0	101.0	400.0	400 7	100.0	100
1999–2000	103.2	102.8	109.9	101.3	103.8	102.7	102.2	108.0
2000-01	108.7	109.0	121.6	100.9	106.9	104.7	103.6	111.2
2001-02	111.5	111.8	133.9	98.8	110.1	107.0	106.7	112.6
2002–03	113.3	111.2	149.7	100.0	113.6	113.5	113.4	114.7
1998			07.0					
September	98.7	98.6	97.9	99.4	99.0	98.3	100.4	97.1
December	100.3	100.5	99.5	99.8	99.4	98.4	100.2	97.8
1999								
March	100.4	100.3	100.5	100.4	99.9	101.3	99.2	99.1
June	100.7	100.6	102.1	100.4	101.7	102.0	100.3	106.1
September	101.6	101.3	105.2	101.1	102.7	102.3	101.6	106.4
December	102.6	102.2	108.2	101.4	103.7	102.3	102.0	108.2
2000								
March	103.4	103.0	111.3	101.2	104.3	103.0	102.2	108.6
June	105.0	104.6	115.0	101.4	104.6	103.0	102.9	108.7
September	106.6	106.3	118.9	101.4	105.7	103.5	103.0	109.2
December	108.5	108.7	120.5	101.6	106.6	104.8	103.3	110.6
2001								
March	109.6	110.3	122.5	100.4	107.4	105.1	103.9	112.2
June	110.1	110.8	124.5	100.0	107.7	105.2	104.2	112.7
September	110.9	111.7	128.1	99.3	109.0	106.7	105.6	112.3
December	111.2	111.8	132.7	98.3	109.8	106.9	106.2	112.6
2002								
March	111.6	111.8	135.7	98.6	110.5	107.0	107.1	112.9
June	112.1	111.8	139.1	98.8	110.9	107.2	107.8	112.6
September	112.3	111.1	143.8	98.7	112.3	112.4	112.1	113.2
December	112.9	111.1	147.4	100.1	113.2	112.8	112.9	115.1
2003								
March	113.9	111.6	151.9	100.3	114.0	113.8	113.5	115.2
June	114.1	111.0	155.5	100.7	114.8	115.0	114.9	115.4

(a) Reference base of each index: 1998-99 = 100.0.



PROPERTY & BUSINESS SERVICES INDUSTRIES(a): Subdivision & group indexes continued

	Legal	Marketing and business	Other business
Period	and accounting services (784)	management services (785)	Other business services (786)
renou			30,11000 (1,00)
•••••	• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	
1999–2000	103.1	104.7	102.1
2000-01	107.7	109.5	103.7
2001-02	113.2	114.4	105.7
2002–03	117.7	117.0	108.9
1998			
September	99.7	98.7	99.6
December	99.8	99.5	99.7
1999			
March	100.2	100.5	100.2
June	100.3	101.3	100.5
September	102.0	103.0	101.3
December	102.3	104.5	102.2
2000			
March	103.3	105.3	102.8
June	104.7	106.0	102.0
September	106.6	107.9	103.2
December	107.4	108.7	103.9
2001			
March	108.2	110.3	103.8
June	108.7	110.9	104.0
September	111.9	112.1	105.1
December	112.6	114.2	105.4
2002			
March	113.4	115.4	105.9
June	114.9	115.8	106.2
September	116.8	115.2	107.8
December	117.4	116.0	108.4
2003			
March	117.9	117.8	109.3
June	118.5	119.0	110.2
• • • • • • • • • • •		•••••	

(a) Reference base of each index: 1998-99 = 100.0.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

INTRODUCTION	1 This publication contains a range of producer price indexes. Economy-wide indexes are presented within a stage of production framework, followed by a set of indexes relating to specific industries (selected manufacturing, construction, mining and service industries).			
	2 Index numbers for the recently established producer price indexes, i.e. stage of production and the service industry and construction industry output indexes, are calculated on the reference base 1998–99=100.0. The index numbers for the other, longer established producer price indexes are calculated on the reference base 1989–90=100.0. It is planned to standardise the reference base of all indexes in this publication from June quarter 2003, at which time link factors to convert each series to their previous reference base will be provided.			
GENERAL Output and input indexes	3 Producer price indexes can be constructed as either output measures or input measures. Output indexes measure changes in the prices of sales by a defined sector of the economy while input indexes measure changes in the prices of purchases by a particular economic sector.			
Valuation basis	4 The valuation basis for the transactions covered by an output index is basic prices, defined as the amount received by the producer exclusive of any taxes on products and transport and trade margins (i.e. the pricing point is ex-factory, ex-farm, ex-service provider, etc.).			
	5 On the other hand, an input index has a valuation basis of purchasers' prices, defined as the amount paid by the purchaser inclusive of any non-deductible taxes on products and transport and trade margins (i.e. the prices recorded in the index should be those relating to delivered into store, delivered on site, etc.).			
	6 In reality, industry practice may mean that it is sometimes necessary to diverge from the conceptual ideal in order to obtain actual transaction prices. For example, although the pricing point for the output index Price Indexes of Articles Produced by Manufacturing Industries is ex-factory, in cases where costs such as handling and distribution are built into the manufacturer's selling price, they will be included in the index.			
	7 Similarly, for input indexes such as the Price Index of Materials Used In House Building, which has a pricing point of delivered on site, it has sometimes been necessary to use the nearest actual transaction price available, e.g. prices of materials supplied and fixed.			
	8 The GST is excluded from all the prices recorded in the current producer price indexes because, in the main, it is deductible on business-to-business transactions. In the case of future service industry output indexes relating to business-to-household transactions, the GST will also be excluded because the pricing basis will be basic prices (i.e. exclusive of product taxes).			
ltems and weights	9 The indexes are fixed weighted indexes of the Laspeyres form. The list of items and the weights are updated periodically to ensure they remain representative. New index series compiled using updated weights are linked to the previous series to maintain a continuous series. Broad level weights are derived from an analysis of the latest available input-output tables as well as other ABS and industry sources.			
	10 Where prices of items are expected to move in a similar way, many of the directly priced items carry not only their own weight but also the weight of similar commodities.			

Price measurement

11 The main sources of ongoing price data are samples of businesses. The samples can relate to either buyers or sellers, or a combination of both. The choice is influenced by the pricing point of the index (output or input) and practical considerations such as the relative degree of concentration of buyers, and of sellers, and the implications for sample sizes and costs.

12 The main pricing methodology used is specification pricing, under which a manageable sample of precisely specified products is selected, in consultation with each reporting business, for repeat pricing. In specifying the products, care is taken to ensure that they are fully defined in terms of all the characteristics which influence their transaction prices. As such, all the relevant technical characteristics need to be described (e.g. make, model, features) along with the unit of sale, type of packaging, conditions of sale (e.g. delivered, payment within 30 days), etc.

13 When the quality or the specifications of an item being priced change over time, adjustments are made to the reported prices so that the index captures only pure price change. That is, any element of price change attributable to a change in quality is removed. If there is an increase (decrease) in the quality of an item, then the price is adjusted downwards (upwards) to reflect the 'worth' of the quality change. This technique is known as pricing to constant quality.

14 Another very important consideration in establishing and maintaining price collections is to ensure that the prices reported are actual market transaction prices. That is, they must reflect the net prices received (or paid) after taking into account all discounts applied to the transactions whether they be volume discounts, settlement discounts or competitive price cutting discounts which are likely to fluctuate with market conditions.

15 Any rebates also need to be considered. The collection of nominal list prices, or book prices, is unlikely to yield reliable price indexes and could result in quite misleading results if fluctuations in transaction prices are not captured. The ABS therefore asks respondent businesses to report details of the discounts they offer so that actual transaction prices can be calculated. In addition, as many different types of discounts apply to business-to-business transactions (see paragraph 14), considerable effort is put into monitoring discount practices in order to identify changes to existing discounts and the introduction of new ones.

16 Specification pricing is not feasible in cases where the products are unique and not reproduced over time, e.g. construction industry output and many of the customised business services. As a result alternative pricing techniques need to be used, often involving compromise. Some of the approaches adopted include the use of model pricing, collecting unit values for reasonably homogeneous components of a good or service, input pricing and collecting charge-out rates (e.g. for a legal service).

17 As far as possible the industry sector indexes have been constructed in accordance with the *Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification* (ANZSIC). The Stage of Production 'contribution to change' tables (tables 5–9) are also presented in terms of the ANZSIC.

18 Tables 1–9 present producer price indexes for the supply of commodities to the Australian economy in a stage of production (SOP) framework. As such, the indexes cover both domestically produced and imported commodities, individually and in aggregate. The SOP indexes are compiled from data used in the industry sector indexes, the international trade indexes and some additional data collections. The indexes are calculated on the reference base 1998–99=100.0.

Classifications

STAGE OF PRODUCTION (SOP) PRODUCER PRICE INDEXES Introduction

Introduction continued	19 These indexes are compiled within the statistical framework outlined in the 1997 ABS <i>Information Paper: An Analytical Framework for Price Indexes in Australia</i> (cat. no. 6421.0) and are designed to support the study of inflation.
	 20 A more detailed explanation of the SOP concept is contained in the ABS <i>Information Paper: Producer Price Index Developments</i> (cat. no. 6422.0), released on 25 March 1999. The index numbers in this current publication cannot be directly compared with the experimental index numbers in the information paper because: the coverage of the series has been expanded to include selected service and construction industries; and the weighting patterns of the indexes have been updated to 1996–97 and the reference base of the indexes has been updated to 1998–99=100.0.
Pricing basis	21 In concept the valuation basis of the SOP indexes is basic prices (see paragraphs 4–8). However, the use of component series from existing ABS price collections in some cases results in the pricing basis diverging from this ideal. For example, imports are priced on a 'free-on-board' (f.o.b) basis, not 'cost, insurance, freight' (c.i.f), which approximates basic prices.
The SOP concept	22 The indexes are compiled using the SOP concept. Under this concept flows of commodities are categorised according to their economic destination on a sequential basis along the production chain. The basis for the categorisation is the Australian input–output tables (1996–97). The primary categorisation is between final commodities (i.e. commodities destined for final consumption, capital formation or export) and non-final commodities (i.e. commodities that flow into intermediate consumption for further processing).
	23 This initial breakdown of the commodity flows into final and non-final represents a useful economic dissection of producers' transactions. However, the non-final commodities can flow into the production of both final and other non-final commodities. Therefore, to aid analysis, the non-final commodity flows have been divided on a sequential basis between Stage 1 (or preliminary) commodities and Stage 2 (or intermediate) commodities as illustrated below. This approach results in three separate stages of production.
	Stage 1 Preliminary Stage 2 Intermediate Stage 3 Final

24 The three stages are not aggregated in order to avoid the potential distorting effects that may result from multiple counting of changes in transaction prices as commodities flow through different production processes.

25 Under this framework, preliminary (Stage 1) commodities are used in the production of intermediate (Stage 2) commodities; in turn intermediate (Stage 2) commodities flow into the production of final (Stage 3) commodities.

26 The framework allows for analyses of price change as commodities flow through production processes. Price changes for earlier stages of production may be indicators of possible future price changes for later stages.

Transaction flow approach

27 The ABS has adopted a transaction flow approach in disaggregating commodity supply into the various production stages. This approach means that the assignment of a commodity to a stage is based on the proximity of its use in final demand.

Transaction flow approach continued

28 Alternative degree of fabrication or principal destination approaches are employed by statistical agencies in some other countries. These approaches result in the allocation of particular commodities to one, and only one, stage. This would present particular problems for Australia due to the openness of the economy, with exports (and imports) equivalent to about 20% of gross domestic product. Commodities such as wheat, wool, and iron ore are exported in large volumes as well as being further processed locally. The allocation of such commodities to a single stage would be very arbitrary by necessity.

29 Adopting the transaction flow approach means, for example, that exported wheat and domestically used wheat are treated as different commodities for index construction purposes. Under this approach commodities transactions can be allocated to more than one stage. Exported wheat is treated as a final (Stage 3) commodity while wheat used domestically to make the flour used in bread production is considered to be a preliminary (Stage 1) commodity. Similarly, commodities such as energy and containers appear under all three categories.

Scope and coverage**30** Producer price indexes conventionally relate to the output of domestic industries,
at basic prices, either inclusive or exclusive of exports. As the main focus is on domestic
inflation, exports are excluded from the headline SOP series 'Final (Stage 3)
commodities', as presented in the key figures on the front page and in tables 1–6. Index
series for Final (Stage 3) commodities including exports are available in tables 26 & 27 on
the ABS web site <www.abs.gov.au>.

31 Imports have also been incorporated within the framework, recognising that they represent an important potential source of inflationary pressure.

32 In concept, the SOP indexes incorporate all flows of goods and services. However, currently there is limited coverage of service industries and the construction industry by the producer price indexes (see sections on construction industry and service industries producer price indexes below).

33 Price indexes for most transport and storage services (division I of ANZSIC) and property and business services (division L of ANZSIC) industries have been included in the SOP framework. However, price series for most Final (Stage 3) consumer services are not currently available on a sufficiently timely basis to allow their inclusion in the indexes. This has the effect of decreasing the relative weight of consumer items versus capital items in the final stage. It is intended to introduce additional services price series as they become available, along with the consequential weight changes.

34 Index coverage for the construction industry (division E of ANZSIC) is currently limited to the output of the following ANZSIC classes:

- 4111 House construction;
- 4112 Residential building construction n.e.c.;
- 4113 Non-residential building construction; and
- 4121 Road and bridge construction.

35 As with services, it is intended to introduce further construction price series as they become available.

Items and weights**36** The items included in the indexes reflect the values of commodity flows, for both
domestic supply and imports, allocated to stages based on an analysis of detailed
1996–97 input–output tables. The index structures and weighting patterns for the SOP
indexes are shown in the Appendix of the December 2002 issue of Producer Price
Indexes, Australia (cat. no. 6427.0).

37 Final (Stage 3) indexes are presented for consumer commodities. It should be noted that this index is not directly comparable with the Consumer Price Index (CPI). The two indexes differ significantly in concept and coverage. The major differences are:

Comparisons with the Consumer Price Index

Comparisons with the Consumer Price Index continued

MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY PRODUCER PRICE INDEXES Introduction the pricing basis for the Final (Stage 3) SOP consumer index is basic prices (see paragraph 21). The CPI, however, measures changes in purchasers' prices, i.e. the actual retail prices paid by households for products, inclusive of non-deductible taxes on products, such as the GST, and any transport and trade margins;

- the coverage of the two indexes differs. Currently the Final (Stage 3) SOP consumer index mainly measures changes in the prices of goods, i.e. most household services are currently excluded from the index (see paragraph 33). The CPI covers both goods and services;
- the indexes have different weighting bases. The weighting pattern for the Final (Stage 3) SOP consumer index is based on the 1996–97 input-output tables, while the CPI weighting pattern is based on the 1998–99 Household Expenditure Survey.

38 The manufacturing industry producer price indexes relate to the outputs (i.e. articles produced) and inputs (i.e. materials used) of establishments classified to designated sectors of the Australian manufacturing industry. They are important sources of data for the SOP indexes.

39 Tables 10 and 11 present the Price Indexes of Articles Produced by Manufacturing Industries and tables 12–14 present the Price Indexes of Materials Used in Manufacturing Industries. Basic prices are used for the output index and purchasers' prices for the input index (see paragraphs 4–8). Therefore, as far as possible, ex-factory prices are included in the output index and delivered into factory prices in the input index.

40 Table 47, which is available on the ABS web site, presents Price Indexes of Copper Materials used in the manufacture of electrical equipment.

41 All of the manufacturing indexes are calculated on the reference base 1989–90=100.0.

42 The manufacturing indexes are constructed on a net sector basis with intra-sector transactions netted out. The scope of the output index is therefore restricted to transactions in articles produced by the defined sector of Australian manufacturing industry that are sold or transferred to domestic establishments outside that sector, or used as capital equipment, or exported. The scope of the input index relates to transactions in materials used in the defined sector of Australian manufacturing industry that are produced by domestic establishments outside that sector or imported.

Classification

Scope

43 The manufacturing division output index (table 10) measures changes in prices of articles produced by establishments classified to ANZSIC division C, Manufacturing, that are sold or transferred to domestic establishments outside the manufacturing division for intermediate use, or used as capital equipment, or exported. It excludes intermediate transactions in articles produced by establishments within the manufacturing division for and sold or transferred to other establishments within the manufacturing division for further processing.

44 Similarly, the manufacturing division input index (tables 12 and 13) measures changes in prices of materials used by establishments classified to ANZSIC division C, Manufacturing, that have been purchased or transferred in from domestic establishments outside the manufacturing division or imported. It excludes intermediate transactions in materials produced by establishments within the manufacturing division for further processing.

45 An advantage of the net sector approach over the alternative gross sector approach (under which the intra-sector transactions would be in-scope) is that it avoids the potential distorting effects that may result from multiple counting of changes in transaction prices as commodities flow through different production processes.

46 On the other hand, although conceptually valid, the exclusion of the internal intermediate transactions from the net sector manufacturing division indexes results in incomplete coverage of the targeted sector of the economy. In order to increase coverage, while still avoiding the multiple counting issue, independent net sector measures have been constructed for ANZSIC manufacturing subdivisions and groups. While having intermediate transactions between different manufacturers within a given subdivision or group netted out, intermediate transactions with manufacturers in other subdivisions/groups are in-scope.

47 The output indexes for ANZSIC subdivisions and groups (table 11) measure changes in prices of articles produced by establishments classified to each defined ANZSIC manufacturing sector which are sold or transferred to establishments outside that sector. These exclude intermediate transactions in articles produced by establishments within the specific sector and sold or transferred to other establishments in the same sector for further processing.

48 Similarly, the input indexes for ANZSIC subdivisions and groups (table 14) measure changes in prices of materials used by establishments classified to each defined ANZSIC manufacturing sector which are purchased or transferred in from establishments outside that sector. These exclude intermediate transactions in materials produced by establishments within the specific sector and sold or transferred to other establishments in the same sector for further processing.

49 It is important to note that the manufacturing division output and input indexes, and the corresponding subdivision/group indexes, are independent constructs. As such, a division index cannot be derived by simply weighting together the separate subdivision and group indexes as the latter net sector indexes are not a straightforward decomposition of the broader net sector index.

50 The items included in the manufacturing indexes reflect the values of articles produced and materials used based on an analysis of detailed input–output tables;

51 The index structures and weighting patterns are shown in Appendix A of the September quarter 2000 issue of the former publication *Price Indexes of Articles Produced by Manufacturing Industry, Australia* (cat. no. 6412.0), and Appendix A of the July 1996 issue of the former publication Price Indexes of *Materials Used in Manufacturing Industries, Australia* (cat. no. 6411.0).

1993-94 for the output indexes and 1989-90 for the input indexes.

52 The construction industry producer price indexes relate to the outputs (e.g. buildings) and the inputs (i.e. materials used) of establishments classified to designated sectors of the Australian construction industry. They are important sources of data for the SOP index.

53 Table 15 presents the Price Index of the Output of the General Construction Industry, and Table 16 presents price indexes of the outputs of the constituent industries of this ANZSIC subdivision. Tables 17 and 18 present the Price Index of Materials Used in House Building and tables 19 and 20 present the Price Index of Materials Used in Building Other than House Building. The pricing basis is basic prices for the output indexes and purchasers' prices for the input indexes (see paragraphs 4-8 above). Therefore, as far as possible, builders' selling prices are reflected in the output index and delivered on site prices in the input indexes.

54 The output indexes are calculated on the reference base 1998-99=100.0 and the input indexes on the reference base 1989-90=100.0.

Items and weights

CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY PRODUCER PRICE INDEXES

Scope

55 The Price Index of the Output of the General Construction Industry (table 15) measures changes in prices of the output of ANZSIC subdivision 41 - general construction. The price indexes in table 16 measure changes in the price of the output of constituent groups and classes of this subdivision. These groups and classes are: the building construction group (411), which consists of the classes house construction (4111), residential building construction n.e.c. (4112) and non-residential building construction (4113); and the non-building construction group (412), with the class of road and bridge construction (4121). Road and bridge construction is the sole contributor to the index for non-building construction until coverage can be extended to include the class of non-building construction n.e.c. (4122), which consists of railways, telecommunications, electricity infrastructure, etc.

56 The first input index measures changes in prices of materials used in house building, where a house is defined as a detached building predominantly used for long-term residential purposes and consisting of only one dwelling unit. ANZSIC class 4111 (house construction) approximates the industry scope of the index.

57 The second input index measures changes in prices of materials used in other forms of building with a scope approximating ANZSIC class 4112 (residential building construction n.e.c.) and class 4113 (non-residential building construction), together.

58 Neither of the input indexes explicitly cover alterations, additions, renovations and repairs. They each relate to the statistical division for each State capital city.

Items and weights**59** The items included in the output indexes are chosen on the basis of work done,
categorised by building function or type of construction and State of activity, as recorded
in the ABS Construction Activity statistics for the five years ending 1998-99.

60 The items and weights for the house building input index were derived from reported values of each material used in selected representative houses in the three years ending 1992–93, with individual weighting patterns for each State capital city reflecting the differences in the relative usage of different materials. For the other than house building index, the items were selected and allocated weights in accordance with estimated values of materials used in the construction of buildings other than houses completed in each of the capital cities in the five years ended June 1992. This same weighting pattern is used for each of the six State capital cities.

61 The weighting patterns are set out in Appendix A of the December 1995 issue of the former publication *Price Index of Materials Used in House Building, Six State Capital Cities* (cat. no. 6408.0), and Appendix A of the October 1993 issue of the former publication *Price Index of Materials Used in Building Other than House Building, Six State Capital Cities* (cat. no. 6407.0).

MINING INDUSTRY PRODUCER62Table 21 presents Price Indexes of Materials Used in Coal Mining. The pricing basis
of the index is purchasers' prices (see paragraphs 4–8) and, as far as possible, the prices
included in the index for items are delivered to the mine site or to the primary storage
area for a group of mines.

63 The items included in the indexes reflect the value of materials used in the operation of open cut and underground coal mines in Australia during 1999–2000. The index structures and weighting patterns are available on request.

64 The indexes are calculated on the reference base 1989-90=100.0.

SERVICE INDUSTRIES PRODUCER PRICE INDEXES Introduction	65 Tables 22–25 present producer price indexes for the output of the transport (freight) & storage division, and the property & business services division of the ANZSIC. Included are index numbers for each of the divisions and subdivisions. Transport indexes presented cover freight and services to transport activities only, i.e. passenger transport is excluded. The pricing basis of the indexes is basic prices (see paragraphs 4–8), and so the prices used in the index relate to the amount received by the service provider. The indexes are important sources of data for the SOP indexes. The index numbers are calculated on the reference base 1998–99=100.0.		
	66 These indexes represent the results to date of a program to progressively extend the scope of the producer price indexes into the service sectors of the economy. First results from the program were published in March 1999, by way of experimental indexes, in the ABS <i>Information Paper: Producer Price Index Developments</i> (cat. no. 6422.0).		
Scope	67 The transport (freight) & storage division and property & business services division indexes measure changes in prices of services provided by establishments classified respectively to ANZSIC division I, transport (freight) & storage and ANZSIC division L, property & business services. Index numbers for these divisions are provided in tables 22 and 24 respectively.		
	68 Tables 23 and 25 contain index numbers for the subdivisions of ANZSIC division I, transport (freight) & storage, and the subdivisions and groups of ANZSIC division L, property & business services, respectively. Indexes at the ANZSIC group and class level for division I, and the ANZSIC class level for division L, are also available on the ABS web site <htps: www.abs.gov.au=""> under catalogue 6427.0, in tables 45 and 46 respectively. Note that some ANZSIC classes within these divisions do not yet have established indexes, and thus are not represented within these tables.</htps:>		
ltems and weights	69 ANZSIC class indexes are aggregated to the relevant group, subdivision and division using weights derived from 1996–97 input-output domestic production values, in combination with data from other ABS surveys and industry sources. Where ANZSIC class indexes have not yet been developed, their weight is spread proportionately across the relevant group, subdivision or group of subdivisions dependent on an assessment of what is most appropriate given the activities of the particular class.		
Price measurement	70 The development of these new price collections has involved a wide range of diverse industries with different measurement problems. Accordingly, extensive consultation with industry associations and individual businesses has been undertaken to determine the most viable approach, on a case-by-case basis.		
	71 Characteristics found within the services sector of the economy have complicated the task of price measurement.		
	72 The tendency within many industries to provide unique, one-off services tailored to the needs of individual customers has posed difficulties in establishing continuity of pricing to constant quality.		
	73 The 'bundling' of a range of different component services within the one transaction or contract has required investigation of the feasibility of 'unbundling', that is, obtaining separate prices for each of the components of the total service. Where this has not proven to be feasible, the whole service bundle has been priced in total.		
	74 Respondent businesses are asked to report details of any discounts they offer so that actual transactions prices can be calculated. However, as discounts are sometimes negotiated between individual buyers and sellers in relation to particular transactions, identifying discounts has not always been straightforward.		

Price measurement continued	75 The deregulation of some service industries leads to structural changes and more complex pricing practices. To deal with this, samples are continually updated to incorporate new businesses and pricing methodologies are reviewed over time.
Future developments	76 It is planned to make available indexes for the majority of remaining ANZSIC classes within the transport (freight) & storage division and property & business services division after they have been developed from experimental to production status. At such time these new indexes would contribute to the broader group, subdivision and division indexes presented in this publication. Those ANZSIC classes for which development of a price index is not considered feasible will continue to have their weight distributed for aggregation purposes as described in paragraph 69. Work has also commenced on developing indexes for other divisions of the ANZSIC.
INDEX NUMBERS	77 Index numbers for financial years are simple averages of the relevant quarterly index numbers.
	78 Indexes for the Price Index of Materials Used in House Building and the Price Index of Materials Used in Building Other than House Building are presented separately for each of the six State capital cities. These city indexes measure price movements over time for each city. They do not measure differences in price levels between cities.
ANALYSIS OF INDEX CHANGES	79 Care should be exercised when interpreting quarter-to-quarter movements in the indexes as short-term movements do not necessarily indicate changes in trend.
	80 Movements in indexes from one period to another can be expressed either as changes in 'index points' or as percentage changes. The following example illustrates the method of calculating index points changes and percentage changes between any two periods:
	 81 Stage of Production: Final commodities index numbes — June quarter 2003 110.7 (see table 1) less June quarter 2002 109.2 (see table 1) Change in index points 1.5 Percentage change 1.5/109.2 X 100 = 1.4
	82 Tables 5, 6 and 7 provide analyses of the index points contribution which ANZSIC groups make to the stage of production final commodities indexes, in total, and then separately for domestic and imported commodities. For example, in table 5 petroleum refining contributed 1.87 index points to the Total Final commodities index number of 110.7 for June quarter 2003 and -0.37 index points to the net change of -0.4 index points between March and June quarters 2003.
	83 Tables 8 and 9 analyse the contributions to the intermediate and preliminary commodities index numbers, respectively.
	84 Similar contribution tables are available on request for most of the industry sector indexes (see paragraph 88 below).
FURTHER INFORMATION	 85 Further information on recent price index developments in the ABS is presented in the following publications: An Analytical Framework for Price Indexes in Australia, cat. no. 6421.0 Producer Price Index Developments, cat. no. 6422.0 Review of the Import Price Index and Export Price Index, Australia, cat. no. 6424.0 Price Indexes and The New Tax System, cat. no. 6425.0
RELATED PUBLICATIONS	 86 Users may also wish to refer to the following related publications, which are available from ABS bookshops: International Trade Price Indexes, Australia, cat. no. 6457.0 Consumer Price Index, Australia, cat. no. 6401.0

Wage Cost Index, Australia, cat. no. 6345.0 Australian National Accounts, Input-Output Tables, cat. no. 5209.0 Balance of Payments and International Investment Position, Australia, cat.no.5302.0

87 Current publications and other products released by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications and Products* (cat. no. 1101.0). The Catalogue is available from any ABS office or the ABS web site http://www.abs.gov.au. The ABS also issues a daily *Release Advice* on the web site which details products to be released in the week ahead.

ABS DATA AVAILABLE ON88As well as the statistics included in this and related publications, the ABS has
available other price index series (many at a detailed commodity level). Inquiries should
be made to Steve Whennan 02 6252 6251.

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FOR MORE INFORMATION .

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CPI INFOLINE	For current and historical Consumer Price Index data, call 1902 981 074 (call cost 77c per minute).
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